



Gas Pipeline Operator Part 10 Financial Reporting Template

This template is to be uploaded by a Gas Pipeline Operator to its website to fulfil its annual reporting obligations.

Basis of preparation document is to be uploaded alongside this financial template, providing assumptions, methodologies, and other relevant information.

Colour coding of Input sheets:

Light Blue / Dark Blue = AER instructions / headings

Orange = Input cells

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Leave coloured cells blank if no information exists - PLEASE DO NOT ENTER TEXT unless specifically requested to do so.

All dollar amounts are to be unrounded, and in nominal terms.

Service provider: Epic Energy South Australia Pty Ltd

Australian business number: 54068599815

Pipeline name: Moomba to Adelaide Pipeline System

Type of regulated pipeline: Non-scheme pipeline

Reporting period start date: 1/07/2024

Reporting period end date: 30/06/2025

Publication date of this financial report: 31/12/2025

Reported information is current as at: 31/12/2025

Has any information in this template been amended since last published within this current reporting period?

No Basis of preparation ID

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Part 10 Financial Reporting

Epic Energy South Australia Pty Ltd

Year ending

30/06/2025

Financial summary

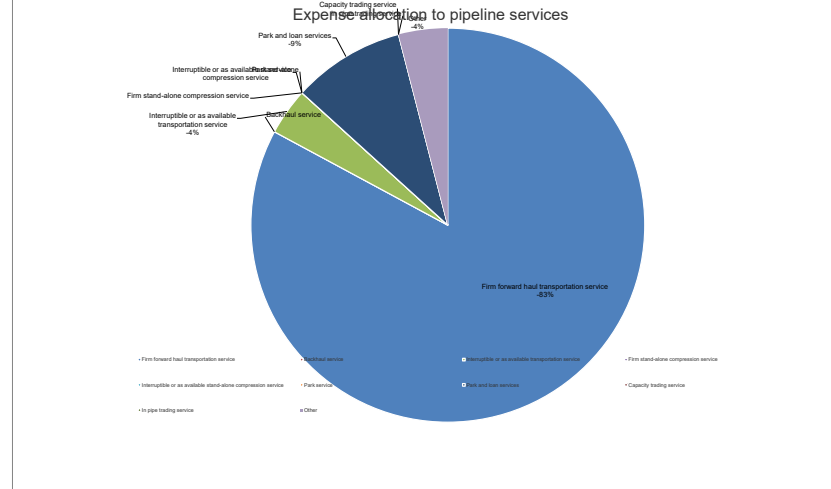
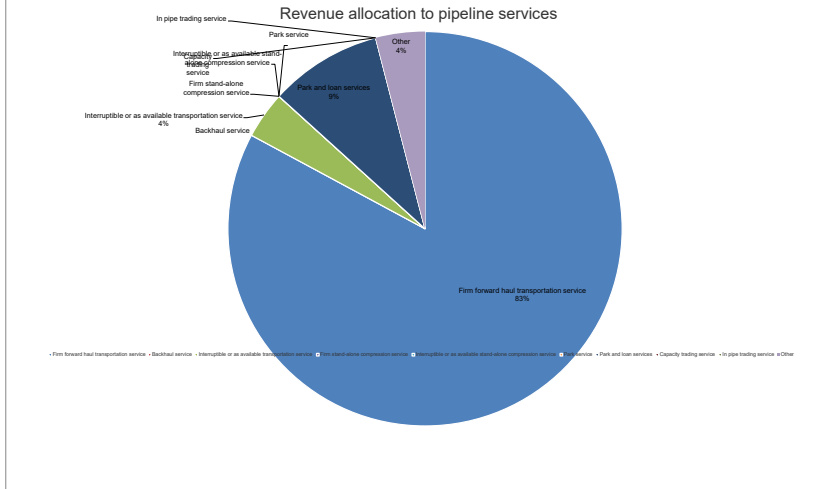
All numbers are expressed in \$nominal.

Profit and loss (Table 2.1.1)	Total
Direct revenue	103,654,384
Indirect revenue allocated	-
Total revenue	103,654,384
Direct expenses	(22,156,073)
Shared expenses allocated	(29,459,322)
Total expenses	(51,615,395)
Earnings before interest and tax (EBIT)	52,038,989

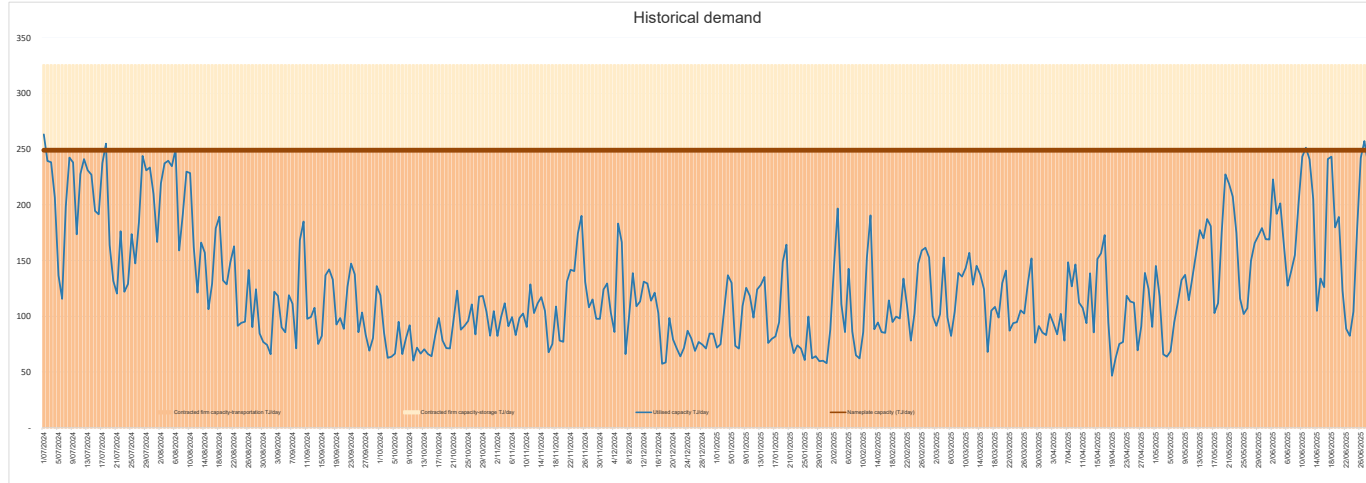
Depreciated book value method (Table 3.1.1 for Non-scheme pipelines)	Value as at current reporting period
Total assets	324,608,566
Return on assets	16.03%
Regulatory Asset Base (Table 3.2.1 for Scheme pipelines)	Value as at current reporting period
Total assets	-
Return on assets	0.00%
Recovered capital method (Table 4.1)	Value as at current reporting period
Total assets	573,624,253
Return on assets	9.05%



Revenue & Expense allocation to pipeline services



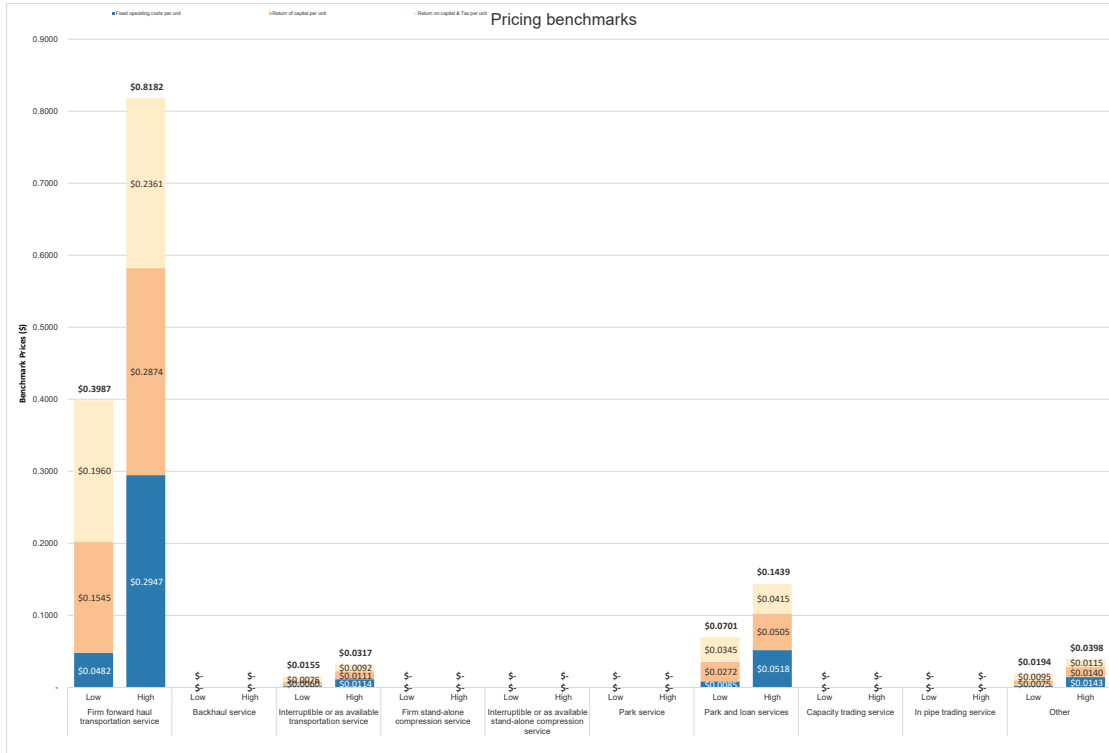
Historical demand





All numbers are expressed in \$nominal.

Price benchmarks	Total cost per unit		Measurement unit
	Low	High	
Firm forward haul transportation service	0.3987	0.8182	\$/GJ/day of Pipeline MDQ
Backhaul service	-	-	\$/GJ/day of Pipeline MDQ
Interruptible or as available transportation service	0.0155	0.0317	\$/GJ/day of Pipeline MDQ
Firm stand-alone compression service	-	-	\$/GJ/day of Pipeline MDQ
Interruptible or as available stand-alone compression service	-	-	\$/GJ/day of Pipeline MDQ
Park service	-	-	\$/GJ/day of Pipeline MDQ
Park and loan services	0.0701	0.1439	\$/GJ/day of Pipeline MDQ
Capacity trading service	-	-	\$/GJ of MDQ traded
In pipe trading service	-	-	\$/GJ traded
Other	0.0194	0.0398	





Pipeline location	South Australia
Pipeline length (kilometres)	1117.00
Number of customers	22.0
Service type	Transmission
Pipeline nameplate capacity	249 TJ/day
Construction date	28/11/1969

[illegible]



Table 2.1: Statement of pipeline revenue and expenses by service

Basis of Preparation ID	Description	Total	Description	Total	Earnings before interest and tax (EBIT) by service
		\$ nominal		\$ nominal	\$ nominal
	Revenue		Expenses		
	Firm forward haul transportation service	85,888,022	Firm forward haul transportation service	(42,768,516)	43,119,506
	Backhaul service		Backhaul service		
	Interruptible or as available transportation service	4,001,059	Interruptible or as available transportation service	(1,992,354)	2,008,705
	Firm stand-alone compression service		Firm stand-alone compression service		
	Interruptible or as available stand-alone compression service		Interruptible or as available stand-alone compression service		
	Park service		Park service		
	Park and loan services	9,588,030	Park and loan services	(4,774,424)	4,813,606
	Capacity trading service		Capacity trading service		
	In pipe trading service		In pipe trading service		
	Other	4,177,272	Other	(2,080,100)	2,097,171
	Total net revenue	103,654,384	Total Expenses	(51,615,395)	52,038,989

Part 10 Financial Reporting
Epic Energy South Australia Pty Ltd
Year ending 30/06/2025
Profit & Loss statement by component

Table 2.1.1: Statement of pipeline revenue and expenses by component

Current reporting period					Previous reporting period		
Basis of Preparation ID	Description	Amounts excluding related party transactions	Related party transactions	Total	Amounts excluding related party transactions	Related party transactions	Total
		\$ nominal	\$ nominal	\$ nominal	\$ nominal	\$ nominal	\$ nominal
2.1.1SOPRAEBC_D13:122	Direct revenue by pipeline						
	Total service revenue	103,156,836	-	103,156,836	99,542,807		99,542,807
	Customer contribution revenue	497,548	-	497,548	497,544		497,544
	Government contribution revenue	-	-	-	-		-
	Profit from sale of fixed assets	-	-	-			-
	Other direct revenue		-	-			-
	Total direct revenue by pipeline	103,654,384	-	103,654,384	100,040,351	-	100,040,351
	Indirect revenue allocated to pipeline						
	Other indirect revenue	-	-	-			-
	Total indirect revenue by pipeline	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total revenue by pipeline	103,654,384	-	103,654,384	100,040,351	-	100,040,351
2.1.1SOPRAEBC_D24:132	Direct expenses by pipeline						
	Repairs and maintenance	(4,600,036)		(4,600,036)	(3,041,591)		(3,041,591)
	Wages	-		-	-		-
	Depreciation	(16,887,870)		(16,887,870)	(16,626,518)		(16,626,518)
	Insurance	-		-	-		-
	Licence and regulatory costs	(391,370)		(391,370)	(377,312)		(377,312)
	Directly attributable finance charges	-		-	-		-
	Leasing and rental costs	-		-	-		-
	Other direct expenses	(276,797)		(276,797)	(212,998)		(212,998)
	Total direct expenses by pipeline	(22,156,073)	-	(22,156,073)	(20,258,419)	-	(20,258,419)
	Shared expenses by pipeline						
2.1.1SOPRAEBC_D34:134	Employee expenses	(19,292,063)	-	(19,292,063)	(17,539,396)		(17,539,396)
2.1.1SOPRAEBC_D35:135	Information technology and communication costs	(1,996,815)	-	(1,996,815)	(1,986,782)		(1,986,782)
	Indirect operating expenses	-	-	-	-		-
2.1.1SOPRAEBC_D37:137	Shared asset depreciation	(2,507,247)	-	(2,507,247)	(2,553,416)		(2,553,416)
	Rental and leasing costs	-	-	-	-		-
	Borrowing costs	-	-	-	-		-
	Loss from sale of shared fixed assets	-	-	-	-		-
	Impairment losses (nature of the impairment loss)	-	-	-	-		-
2.1.1SOPRAEBC_D42:142	Other shared expenses	(5,663,198)	-	(5,663,198)	(4,860,403)		(4,860,403)
	Total shared expenses allocated to pipeline	(29,459,322)	-	(29,459,322)	(26,939,997)	-	(26,939,997)
	Total expenses by pipeline	(51,615,395)	-	(51,615,395)	(47,198,416)	-	(47,198,416)
	Earnings before interest and tax (EBIT)	52,038,989	-	52,038,989	52,841,935	-	52,841,935

Table 2.2.1: Revenue by service

Basis of Preparation ID	Description	Reporting period				Previous reporting period			
		Allocation to pipeline service	Amounts excluding related party transactions	Related party transactions	Total	Allocation to pipeline service	Amounts excluding related party transactions	Related party transactions	Total
		%	\$ nominal	\$ nominal	\$ nominal	%	\$ nominal	\$ nominal	\$ nominal
	Direct revenue (excl. capital contributions)								
2.2.1RBS D13:K23	Firm forward haul transportation service	82.86%	85,475,754	-	85,475,754	87.00%	86,602,242	-	86,602,242
	Backhaul service		-	-	-		-	-	-
2.2.1RBS D13:K23	Interruptible or as available transportation service	3.86%	3,981,854	-	3,981,854	3.71%	3,693,038	-	3,693,038
	Firm stand-alone compression service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Interruptible or as available stand-alone compression service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Park service		-	-	-		-	-	-
2.2.1RBS D13:K23	Park and loan services	9.25%	9,542,007	-	9,542,007	9.29%	9,247,527	-	9,247,527
	Capacity trading service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	In pipe trading service		-	-	-		-	-	-
2.2.1RBS D13:K23	Other	4.03%	4,157,220	-	4,157,220		-	-	-
	Total direct revenue (excl. capital contributions)	100.00%	103,156,836	-	103,156,836	100.00%	99,542,807	-	99,542,807
	Capital contributions								
2.2.1RBS D25:K35	Firm forward haul transportation service	82.86%	412,268	-	412,268	87.00%	432,863	-	432,863
	Backhaul service		-	-	-		-	-	-
2.2.1RBS D25:K35	Interruptible or as available transportation service	3.86%	19,205	-	19,205	3.71%	18,459	-	18,459
	Firm stand-alone compression service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Interruptible or as available stand-alone compression service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Park service		-	-	-		-	-	-
2.2.1RBS D25:K35	Park and loan services	9.25%	46,023	-	46,023	9.29%	46,222	-	46,222
	Capacity trading service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	In pipe trading service		-	-	-		-	-	-
2.2.1RBS D25:K35	Other	4.03%	20,051	-	20,051		-	-	-
	Total capital contributions	100.00%	497,548	-	497,548	100.00%	497,544	-	497,544
	Indirect revenue allocated								
2.2.1RBS D37:K49	Firm forward haul transportation service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Backhaul service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Interruptible or as available transportation service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Firm stand-alone compression service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Interruptible or as available stand-alone compression service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Park service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Park and loan services		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Capacity trading service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	In pipe trading service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Other		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Total indirect revenue	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-
	Total revenue		103,654,384	-	103,654,384		100,040,351	-	100,040,351

Table 2.2.2: Expenses by service

Basis of Preparation ID	Description	Reporting period				Previous reporting period			
		Allocation to pipeline service	Amounts excluding related party transactions	Related party transactions	Total	Allocation to pipeline service	Amounts excluding related party transactions	Related party transactions	Total
		%	\$ nominal	\$ nominal	\$ nominal	%	\$ nominal	\$ nominal	\$ nominal
	Direct expenses (excl. depreciation)								
2.2.2EBS D56:K66	Firm forward haul transportation service	82.86%	(4,365,233)	-	(4,365,233)	87.00%	(3,159,754)	-	(3,159,754)
	Backhaul service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Interruptible or as available transportation service	3.86%	(203,353)	-	(203,353)	3.71%	(134,744)	-	(134,744)
	Firm stand-alone compression service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Interruptible or as available stand-alone compression service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Park service		-	-	-		-	-	-
2.2.2EBS D56:K66	Park and loan services	9.25%	(487,309)	-	(487,309)	9.29%	(337,404)	-	(337,404)
	Capacity trading service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	In pipe trading service		-	-	-		-	-	-
2.2.2EBS D56:K66	Other	4.03%	(212,309)	-	(212,309)		-	-	-
	Total direct expenses (excl. depreciation)	100.00%	(5,268,203)	-	(5,268,203)	100.00%	(3,631,901)	-	(3,631,901)
	Depreciation								
2.2.2EBS D68:K78	Firm forward haul transportation service	82.86%	(16,070,793)	-	(16,070,793)	87.00%	(16,686,542)	-	(16,686,542)
	Backhaul service		-	-	-		-	-	-
2.2.2EBS D68:K78	Interruptible or as available transportation service	3.86%	(748,651)	-	(748,651)	3.71%	(711,576)	-	(711,576)
	Firm stand-alone compression service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Interruptible or as available stand-alone compression service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Park service		-	-	-		-	-	-
2.2.2EBS D68:K78	Park and loan services	9.25%	(1,794,048)	-	(1,794,048)	9.29%	(1,781,816)	-	(1,781,816)
	Capacity trading service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	In pipe trading service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Other	4.03%	(781,623)	-	(781,623)		-	-	-
	Total depreciation	100.00%	(19,395,116)	-	(19,395,116)	100.00%	(19,179,934)	-	(19,179,934)
	Shared expenses allocated (excl. depreciation)								
2.2.2EBS D80:K91	Firm forward haul transportation service	82.86%	(22,332,490)	-	(22,332,490)	87.00%	(21,216,326)	-	(21,216,326)
	Backhaul service		-	-	-		-	-	-
2.2.2EBS D80:K91	Interruptible or as available transportation service	3.86%	(1,040,350)	-	(1,040,350)	3.71%	(904,742)	-	(904,742)
	Firm stand-alone compression service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Interruptible or as available stand-alone compression service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Park service		-	-	-		-	-	-
2.2.2EBS D80:K91	Park and loan services	9.25%	(2,493,067)	-	(2,493,067)	9.29%	(2,265,513)	-	(2,265,513)
	Capacity trading service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	In pipe trading service		-	-	-		-	-	-
	Other	4.03%	(1,086,169)	-	(1,086,169)		-	-	-
	Total shared expenses (excl. depreciation)	100.00%	(26,952,075)	-	(26,952,075)	100.00%	(24,386,581)	-	(24,386,581)
	Total expenses		(51,615,395)	-	(51,615,395)		(47,198,416)	-	(47,198,416)



Description	Amounts excluding related party transactions	Related party transactions	Total
	\$ nominal	\$ nominal	\$ nominal
Delivery point expansion	497,548		497,548
			-
			-
			-
			-
			-
Total	497,548	-	497,548

Source	Description	Total
		\$ nominal
Total		

Please ensure allocation methodologies are explained in sufficient detail in the Basis of Preparation as required under the Guideline.

Table 2.4.1: Indirect revenue allocation

[illegible]



Part 10 Financial Reporting
Epic Energy South Australia Pty Ltd
Year ending 30/06/2025
Asset value - Depreciated Book Value Method (DBVM) (For Non-scheme pipeline only)

This template is for a non-indexed asset value based on the Australian Accounting Standards, featuring allowances for acquisition costs and asset impairments, for non-scheme pipelines.

Table 3.1.1: Pipeline assets (DBVM)

Basis of Preparation ID	Description	Reporting period	Previous reporting period
	Pipeline assets		
	Pipelines		
3.1.1PADBVM_D18:E80	Opening Cost Base	328,958,072	289,725,555
3.1.1PADBVM_D18:E80	Additions	12,031,335	39,464,888
	Capitalised maintenance or improvements	-	-
	Total capitalised pipeline construction costs	340,989,407	329,190,443
3.1.1PADBVM_D18:E80	Depreciation (excl. impairment)	(127,374,358)	(117,529,137)
	Impairment losses	-	(232,371)
	Disposals or early termination (at cost)	-	-
	Closing pipelines carrying value	213,615,049	211,428,935
	Compressors		
3.1.1PADBVM_D18:E80	Opening Cost Base	107,247,219	64,787,250
3.1.1PADBVM_D18:E80	Additions	1,651,943	42,892,902
	Capitalised maintenance or improvements	-	-
3.1.1PADBVM_D18:E80	Depreciation (excl. impairment)	(36,208,231)	(32,089,342)
	Impairment losses	-	(432,933)
3.1.1PADBVM_D18:E80	Disposals or early termination (at cost)	(13,750)	-
	Closing compressors carrying value	72,677,181	75,157,876
	City Gates, supply regulators and valve stations		
	Opening Cost Base	-	-
	Additions	-	-
	Capitalised maintenance or improvements	-	-
	Depreciation (excl. impairment)	-	-
	Impairment losses	-	-
	Disposals or early termination (at cost)	-	-
	Closing city gates, supply regulators and valve stations carrying value	-	-
	Metering		
3.1.1PADBVM_D18:E80	Opening Cost Base	35,857,419	11,155,446
3.1.1PADBVM_D18:E80	Additions	312,777	24,701,973
	Capitalised maintenance or improvements	-	-
3.1.1PADBVM_D18:E80	Depreciation (excl. impairment)	(23,949,000)	(23,182,032)
	Impairment losses	-	-
	Disposals or early termination (at cost)	-	-
	Closing metering carrying value	12,221,195	12,675,387
	Odorant plants		
	Opening Cost Base	-	-
	Additions	-	-
	Capitalised maintenance or improvements	-	-
	Depreciation (excl. impairment)	-	-
	Impairment losses	-	-
	Disposals or early termination (at cost)	-	-
	Closing odorant plants carrying value	-	-

	SCADA (Communications)		
3.1.1PADBVM D18:E80	Opening Cost Base	7,341,822	996,586
3.1.1PADBVM D18:E80	Additions	218,041	6,562,467
	Capitalised maintenance or improvements	-	-
3.1.1PADBVM D18:E80	Depreciation (excl. impairment)	(4,966,787)	(3,866,545)
	Impairment losses	-	(217,231)
	Disposals or early termination (at cost)	-	-
	Closing SCADA carrying value	2,593,076	3,475,277
	Buildings		
	Opening Cost Base	-	-
	Additions	-	-
	Capitalised maintenance or improvements	-	-
	Depreciation (excl. impairment)	-	-
	Impairment losses	-	-
	Disposals or early termination (at cost)	-	-
	Closing buildings carrying value	-	-
	Land and easements		
3.1.1PADBVM D18:E80	Opening Cost Base	475,301	2,065,746
	Additions	-	-
	Capitalised maintenance or improvements	-	-
	Impairment losses	-	(1,590,445)
	Disposals or early termination (at cost)	-	-
	Closing land and easements carrying value	475,301	475,301
	Other depreciable pipeline assets		
3.1.1PADBVM D18:E80	Opening Cost Base	13,214,597	5,508,724
3.1.1PADBVM D18:E80	Additions	30,900	7,921,557
	Capitalised maintenance or improvements	-	-
3.1.1PADBVM D18:E80	Depreciation (excl. impairment)	(7,834,413)	(7,128,562)
	Impairment losses	-	-
	Disposals or early termination (at cost)	-	(215,684)
	Closing other depreciable pipeline assets carrying value	5,411,084	6,086,035
	Leased assets		
	Opening Cost Base	-	-
	Additions	-	-
	Capitalised maintenance or improvements	-	-
	Depreciation (Amortisation) (excl. impairment)	-	-
	Impairment losses	-	-
	Disposals or early termination (at cost)	-	-
	Closing leased asset carrying value	-	-
	Other non-depreciable pipeline assets		
	Opening Cost Base	-	-
3.1.1PADBVM D97:E102	Additions	2,228,743	2,228,743
	Capitalised maintenance or improvements	-	-
	Disposals or early termination (at cost)	-	-
	Closing other non-depreciable pipeline assets carrying value	2,228,743	2,228,743
	Total pipeline assets	309,221,629	311,527,554

	Shared supporting assets allocated		
	Shared property, plant and equipment		
3.1.1PADBVM_D106:E119	Opening Cost Base	13,225,283	4,402,741
3.1.1PADBVM_D106:E119	Additions	1,238,311	9,967,510
	Capitalised maintenance or improvements	-	-
3.1.1PADBVM_D106:E119	Depreciation (excl. impairment)	(8,203,939)	(7,393,743)
	Impairment losses	-	-
3.1.1PADBVM_D106:E119	Disposals or early termination (at cost)	(228,050)	(1,144,968)
	Closing shared property, plant and equipment carrying value	6,031,604	5,831,539
	Shared leased assets		
3.1.1PADBVM_D106:E119	Opening Cost Base	4,698,685	1,579,718
3.1.1PADBVM_D106:E119	Additions	135,893	4,929,501
	Capitalised maintenance or improvements	-	-
3.1.1PADBVM_D106:E119	Depreciation (Amortisation) (excl. impairment)	(1,905,559)	(1,191,635)
	Impairment losses	-	(1,810,534)
	Disposals or early termination (at cost)	-	-
	Closing leased assets carrying value	2,929,019	3,507,051
3.1.1PADBVM_D121:E123	Inventories	1,918,447	1,739,599
	Deferred tax assets	-	-
3.1.1PADBVM_D121:E123	Other assets	4,507,867	18,368,735
	Total shared supporting assets allocated	15,386,937	29,446,924
	TOTAL ASSETS	324,608,566	340,974,478

Table 3.1.2: Initial costs of pipeline assets (DBVM)

Basis of Preparation ID	Description	
	TOTAL ASSETS	
3.1.2ICOPADBVM_D132		381,051,128



This template is for a non-indexed asset value derived from a regulator-determined initial regulatory asset base and capital expenditure with straight-line depreciation, for scheme pipelines.

Table 3.2.1: Pipeline assets (RAB)

Basis of Preparation ID	Description	Year				
		2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
	Pipelines	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
3.2.1	Nominal Opening Regulatory Asset Base		-	-	-	-
	Nominal Cost					
	Total capitalised pipeline construction costs	-	-	-	-	-
	Less Asset disposal (at cost)					
	Less Nominal Actual Regulatory Depreciation					
	Closing pipeline carrying value	-	-	-	-	-
	Compressors					
	Nominal Opening Regulatory Asset Base		-	-	-	-
	Additions and improvements capitalised					
	Less Depreciation of compressors					
	Less Disposal (at cost)					
	Closing compressors carrying value	-	-	-	-	-
	City Gates, supply regulators and valve stations					
	Nominal Opening Regulatory Asset Base		-	-	-	-
	Improvements capitalised					
	Less Depreciation of city gates, supply regulators and valve stations					
	Less Disposal (at cost)					
	Closing city gates, supply regulators and valve stations carrying value	-	-	-	-	-
	Metering					
	Nominal Opening Regulatory Asset Base		-	-	-	-
	Additions and improvements capitalised					
	Less Depreciation of metering					
	Less Disposal (at cost)					
	Closing Metering	-	-	-	-	-
	Odourant plants					
	Nominal Opening Regulatory Asset Base		-	-	-	-
	Additions and improvements capitalised					
	Less Depreciation of odourant plants					
	Less Disposal (at cost)					
	Closing odourant plants carrying value	-	-	-	-	-
	SCADA (Communications)					
	Nominal Opening Regulatory Asset Base		-	-	-	-
	Additions and improvements capitalised					
	Less Depreciation of SCADA					
	Less Disposal (at cost)					
	Closing SCADA carrying value	-	-	-	-	-
	Buildings					
	Nominal Opening Regulatory Asset Base		-	-	-	-
	Additions and improvements capitalised					
	Less Depreciation of buildings					
	Less Disposal (at cost)					
	Closing buildings carrying value	-	-	-	-	-
	Land and easements					
	Nominal Opening Regulatory Asset Base		-	-	-	-
	Additions and improvements capitalised					
	Less Depreciation of land and easement					
	Less Disposal (at cost)					
	Closing land and easements carrying value	-	-	-	-	-
	Other depreciable pipeline assets					
	Nominal Opening Regulatory Asset Base		-	-	-	-
	Additions and improvements capitalised					
	Less Depreciation/amortisation					
	Less Disposal (at cost)					
	Closing other depreciable pipeline assets carrying value	-	-	-	-	-
	Leased pipeline assets					
	Nominal Opening Regulatory Asset Base		-	-	-	-
	Additions and improvements capitalised					
	Less Depreciation/amortisation					
	Less Disposal (at cost)					
	Closing leased pipeline assets carrying value	-	-	-	-	-
	Shared supporting assets (RAB)					
	Nominal Opening Regulatory Asset Base		-	-	-	-
	Additions and improvements capitalised					
	Less Shared property, plant and equipment depreciation					
	Less disposals of shared supporting assets					
	Closing shared property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	-
	Shared leased assets					
	Nominal Opening Regulatory Asset Base		-	-	-	-
	Additions and improvements capitalised					
	Less Depreciation/amortisation					
	Less Disposal (at cost)					
	Closing shared leased assets carrying value	-	-	-	-	-
	Opening other assets					
	Change in other assets					
	Closing other assets	-	-	-	-	-
	Total shared supporting assets allocated	-	-	-	-	-
	TOTAL ASSETS	-	-	-	-	-



Table 3.3.1: Asset useful life

Basis of Preparation ID	Description (list each individual balance sheet item)	Commission date (provide a range)	Useful life	Reason for choosing this useful life
			years	
3.3.1AUL, D11-F39	Pipelines	1/05/2013	80 years	MAPS constructed in 1969 and 43 years old at date of acquisition
3.3.1AUL, D11-F39	Compressors	1/05/2013	35 years	MAPS constructed in 1969 and 43 years old at date of acquisition
3.3.1AUL, D11-F39	City Gates, supply regulators and valve stations	1/05/2013	60 years	
3.3.1AUL, D11-F39	Melting	1/05/2013	50 years	MAPS constructed in 1969 and 43 years old at date of acquisition
3.3.1AUL, D11-F39	Odorant plants	1/05/2013	50 years	
3.3.1AUL, D11-F39	SCADA (Communications)	1/05/2013	15 Years	MAPS constructed in 1969 and 43 years old at date of acquisition
3.3.1AUL, D11-F39	Buildings	1/05/2013	80 years	MAPS constructed in 1969 and 43 years old at date of acquisition
3.3.1AUL, D11-F39	Other depreciable pipeline assets	1/05/2013	15 years	MAPS constructed in 1969 and 43 years old at date of acquisition
	insert asset description			
	insert asset description			
	insert asset description			
3.3.1AUL, D11-F39	Leased assets	1/05/2013		
	insert asset description			
	insert asset description			
	insert asset description			
	insert asset description			
3.3.1AUL, D11-F39	Shared property, plant and equipment	1/05/2013	5 - 10 years	
	insert asset description			
	insert asset description			
	insert asset description			
	insert asset description			
3.3.1AUL, D11-F39	Shared leased assets	1/05/2013	2 - 12 years	Aligned to the length of the lease
	insert asset description			
	insert asset description			
	insert asset description			
	insert asset description			

Modify cost adjustment column if accelerated depreciation is applicable.

Table 3.5.1: Pipeline assets at cost[illegible]



Please ensure allocation methodologies are explained in sufficient detail within the Basis of Preparation as required under the Guideline.

Table 3.6.1: Shared supporting asset allocation

[illegible]

This template is for a non-indexed asset value based on original construction costs and "depreciation" based on a notional cash-flow based "return of capital" approach, for non-scheme pipelines.

Table 4.1: Pipeline assets (RCM)

Back of Preparation ID	Asset description	Total																											
			2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	
Pipeline assets	Construction cost	380,922,000	380,922,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Residual Value	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Additional	190,647,774	-	3,440,438	5,291,463	983,469	1,947,271	1,923,180	6,261,499	2,218,242	8,334,055	3,028,512	2,561,073	3,627,098	3,844,170	2,699,734	3,080,768	31,315,488	15,048,931	8,079,073	5,137,000	8,125,504	9,891,732	4,599,286	25,485,071	21,725,815	(1,225,728)	15,964,260	
	Maintenance capitalised	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Disposal (at end)	(8,713,408)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(21,000)	(17,000)	-	(45,138)	(3,930)	(2,207)	(99,494)	(147,654)	(3,068,896)	(84,193)	-	(223,903)	
Leased Asset	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Pipeline assets cost base	569,655,365	380,922,000	3,440,438	5,291,463	983,469	1,947,271	1,923,180	6,261,499	2,218,242	8,334,055	3,028,512	2,561,073	3,627,098	3,844,170	2,699,734	3,099,768	31,296,488	15,048,931	8,033,935	5,133,070	8,123,297	9,892,248	4,411,632	22,417,872	21,541,122	(1,226,728)	16,340,356		
Shared assets	Construction cost or acquisition cost (where allowed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	apportioned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Residual Value	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Additional	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Maintenance capitalised	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disposal (at end)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Leased Asset	3,767,387	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Shared assets cost base	3,767,387	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Shared assets	758,654,253	380,922,000	3,440,438	5,291,463	983,469	1,947,271	1,923,180	6,261,499	2,218,242	8,334,055	3,028,512	2,561,073	3,627,098	3,844,170	2,699,734	3,099,768	31,298,488	15,048,931	8,033,935	5,133,070	8,123,297	10,999,633	3,748,621	26,930,384	20,869,828	(2,080,127)	16,476,250		
Return of capital	Revenue	1,543,426,999	-	50,162,607	51,355,650	63,580,307	63,962,963	62,884,048	36,100,000	38,783,000	40,028,000	42,007,000	42,334,000	47,732,000	62,811,000	26,381,955	54,493,404	63,335,521	74,257,000	79,587,000	79,927,000	79,372,082	79,949,639	79,463,040	83,788,770	87,666,665	100,040,351	103,654,000	
	Operating expenses	(607,722,129)	-	(15,368,900)	(15,984,900)	(15,986,000)	(15,940,000)	(16,200,000)	(12,720,750)	(13,491,790)	(15,287,110)	(16,241,700)	(16,028,460)	(18,777,570)	(22,882,110)	(10,325,422)	(21,586,704)	(21,077,637)	(26,343,000)	(24,320,000)	(23,580,000)	(24,017,200)	(25,321,100)	(21,583,007)	(26,760,525)	(27,893,376)	(28,018,402)	(32,175,014)	
	Net tax liabilities	(42,960,398)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Leased Asset Interest/Financing Charge	(85,252)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Return on capital	(887,128,878)	-	(33,679,000)	(33,487,000)	(33,356,000)	(33,234,000)	(33,007,000)	(34,840,427)	(37,789,068)	(44,119,382)	(47,086,442)	(48,054,463)	(48,375,218)	(41,671,438)	(20,544,897)	(42,276,080)	(38,629,889)	(41,095,520)	(39,080,784)	(47,443,947)	(46,451,167)	(42,463,629)	(38,439,153)	(38,993,630)	(39,548,809)	(41,006,508)	(43,762,620)	
Return of Capital	4,632,296	-	1,115,607	2,774,650	4,628,307	4,726,963	3,584,048	(1,448,170)	(15,880,850)	(19,377,494)	(21,381,140)	(21,748,928)	(17,430,786)	(11,842,498)	(2,586,320)	(13,369,390)	(6,371,980)	7,817,488	16,796,296	5,966,678	4,465,398	6,308,654	15,362,243	12,948,678	14,168,864	22,864,286	21,866,685		
Recovered capital method total asset value			569,655,197	380,922,000	2,324,931	2,616,913	(3,644,838)	(2,841,820)	(1,660,866)	7,722,676	14,719,168	27,711,549	24,329,664	24,399,966	20,947,896	16,786,778	6,269,896	16,429,168	37,679,440	7,201,463	(8,142,381)	(223,448)	3,867,809	4,671,678	(9,463,421)	13,960,714	6,732,824	(24,644,417)	(6,128,648)
For information	Opening asset value	380,922,000	383,246,931	385,763,644	392,118,806	379,277,114	377,616,248	395,338,924	410,068,024	437,789,873	462,089,227	486,499,223	507,387,159	523,143,887	528,351,943	543,781,161	561,451,541	588,683,004	580,640,703	579,817,204	583,485,183	588,166,242	578,752,621	592,733,335	589,466,259	574,821,842			
For information	Rate of return (WACC)																												
					8.80%	8.68%	8.64%	8.68%	8.68%	9.15%	9.53%	10.65%	10.71%	9.94%	9.50%	8.22%	3.92%	8.54%	6.91%	6.98%	6.60%	8.14%	7.98%	7.20%	6.51%	6.49%	6.50%	6.88%	7.51%

Table 4.2: Pipeline details

Construction date	16/10/2000
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Please report all historical expansions/extensions in table 4.1.2, regardless of value.
Please ensure all extensions/expansions in the next 12 months that have advanced to the "Final Investment Decision" stage are comprehensively reported in table 4.1.3.

Table 4.1.1: Capital expenditure greater than 5% of construction cost

[illegible]

Table 4.1.2: Historical expansions and extensions

[illegible]

Table 4.1.3: Planned expansions and extensions of capacity

[illegible]

For information required to be published on the Gas Bulletin Board, please provide a publicly available link on their website to the relevant part of the Gas Bulletin Board.

Table 5.1: Historical demand information

Basic of Preparation ID	Description of the information	Publicly available link on Gas Bulletin Board
HC 815-025	Adelaide, Murrumbidgee to Adelaide Pipeline	energy-systems/gas/gas-bulletin-board/gbl/data-gbl/data-dashboard

Table 5.2: Demand by pipeline service

	Forecasted MWh Tonne
Interconnector haul transportation service	240
Backhaul service	-
Interconnector or its available transportation service	240
Interconnector or its available transportation service	-
Interconnector or its available stand-alone compression service	-
Park service	-
Park and other services	158
Commodity pipeline service	-
Interconnector haul service	-
Total	240

Table 5.2: Daily demand

	Contracted firm capacity- transportation Tonne	Contracted firm capacity-storage Tonne	Utilised capacity Tonne	Pipeline ramp-up capacity Tonne	Available capacity-total Tonne	Available capacity-firm Tonne	Available contracted capacity Tonne
Total	39,997	27,304	45,594		45,001	27,426	72,502
1/07/2024	245	70	245	245	146	(77)	82
2/07/2024	245	70	245	245	16	(77)	86
3/07/2024	245	70	246	246	11	(77)	87
4/07/2024	245	70	245	245	43	(77)	139
5/07/2024	245	70	237	245	132	(77)	199
6/07/2024	245	70	236	246	134	(77)	210
7/07/2024	245	70	198	245	51	(77)	127
8/07/2024	245	70	242	242	7	(77)	51
9/07/2024	245	70	248	248	11	(77)	87
10/07/2024	245	70	174	245	75	(77)	152
11/07/2024	245	70	228	245	21	(77)	89
12/07/2024	245	70	241	246	5	(77)	84
13/07/2024	245	70	231	245	18	(77)	84
14/07/2024	245	70	237	245	3	(77)	85
15/07/2024	245	70	196	246	54	(77)	131
16/07/2024	245	70	237	245	14	(77)	134
17/07/2024	245	70	233	245	12	(77)	88
18/07/2024	245	70	245	245	8	(77)	71
19/07/2024	245	70	184	249	85	(77)	162
20/07/2024	245	70	135	245	117	(77)	234
21/07/2024	245	70	184	245	124	(77)	208
22/07/2024	245	70	176	245	73	(77)	148
23/07/2024	245	70	167	245	107	(77)	204
24/07/2024	245	70	150	245	120	(77)	187
25/07/2024	245	70	154	245	75	(77)	152
26/07/2024	245	70	147	245	102	(77)	178
27/07/2024	245	70	154	245	6	(77)	141
28/07/2024	245	70	244	245	5	(77)	82
29/07/2024	245	70	231	245	16	(77)	85
30/07/2024	245	70	233	245	18	(77)	82
31/07/2024	245	70	235	245	38	(77)	118
1/08/2024	245	70	187	245	62	(77)	139
2/08/2024	245	70	179	245	36	(77)	135
3/08/2024	245	70	237	245	12	(77)	88
4/08/2024	245	70	239	245	5	(77)	87
5/08/2024	245	70	235	251	14	(77)	81
6/08/2024	245	70	245	245	17	(77)	74
7/08/2024	245	70	189	249	90	(77)	168
8/08/2024	245	70	192	249	72	(77)	154
9/08/2024	245	70	239	249	19	(77)	86
10/08/2024	245	70	225	249	29	(77)	87
11/08/2024	245	70	162	245	87	(77)	183
12/08/2024	245	70	161	249	128	(77)	204
13/08/2024	245	70	161	245	51	(77)	139
14/08/2024	245	70	157	245	92	(77)	188
15/08/2024	245	70	246	246	154	(77)	249
16/08/2024	245	70	150	245	120	(77)	196
17/08/2024	245	70	179	245	75	(77)	147
18/08/2024	245	70	180	246	49	(77)	136
19/08/2024	245	70	152	245	117	(77)	193
20/08/2024	245	70	159	245	120	(77)	197
21/08/2024	245	70	144	245	101	(77)	177
22/08/2024	245	70	191	245	88	(77)	183
23/08/2024	245	70	171	245	108	(77)	194
24/08/2024	245	70	164	249	158	(77)	241
25/08/2024	245	70	169	245	107	(77)	191
26/08/2024	245	70	152	251	107	(77)	184
27/08/2024	245	70	184	245	122	(77)	204
28/08/2024	245	70	194	249	129	(77)	201
29/08/2024	245	70	202	245	164	(77)	251
30/08/2024	245	70	171	249	172	(77)	248
31/08/2024	245	70	154	249	178	(77)	233
1/09/2024	245	70	161	245	165	(77)	230
2/09/2024	245	70	164	246	127	(77)	204
3/09/2024	245	70	153	245	131	(77)	207
4/09/2024	245	70	161	245	199	(77)	235
5/09/2024	245	70	166	246	158	(77)	240
6/09/2024	245	70	119	245	138	(77)	210
7/09/2024	245	70	111	245	138	(77)	214
8/09/2024	245	70	171	245	178	(77)	254
9/09/2024	245	70	188	249	61	(77)	157
10/09/2024	245	70	185	245	64	(77)	140
11/09/2024	245	70	181	245	91	(77)	151
12/09/2024	245	70	169	245	109	(77)	190
13/09/2024	245	70	159	245	145	(77)	215
14/09/2024	245	70	75	245	174	(77)	239
15/09/2024	245	70	89	245	167	(77)	245
16/09/2024	245	70	137	245	112	(77)	189
17/09/2024	245	70	142	245	117	(77)	193
18/09/2024	245	70	133	249	116	(77)	183
19/09/2024	245	70	131	245	148	(77)	203
20/09/2024	245	70	108	245	161	(77)	227
21/09/2024	245	70	101	245	165	(77)	231
22/09/2024	245	70	137	245	155	(77)	218
23/09/2024	245	70	133	245	111	(77)	189
24/09/2024	245	70	135	245	153	(77)	240
25/09/2024	245	70	133	245	148	(77)	232
26/09/2024	245	70	81	246	168	(77)	242
27/09/2024	245	70	89	249	168	(77)	246
28/09/2024	245	70	102	245	159	(77)	238
29/09/2024	245	70	105	245	169	(77)	248
30/09/2024	245	70	107	245	152	(77)	238
1/10/2024	245	70	119	245	139	(77)	207
2/10/2024	245	70	109	245	164	(77)	240
3/10/2024	245	70	84	249	168	(77)	241
4/10/2024	245	70	89	249	159	(77)	237
5/10/2024	245	70	87	245	162	(77)	239
6/10/2024	245	70	86	249	163	(77)	239
7/10/2024	245	70	86	245	163	(77)	239
8/10/2024	245	70	102	249	167	(77)	244
9/10/2024	245	70	102	249	167	(77)	244
10/10/2024	245	70	75	245	197	(77)	281
11/10/2024	245	70	66	249	193	(77)	278
12/10/2024	245	70	71	245	179	(77)	259
13/10/2024	245	70	88	245	183	(77)	268
14/10/2024	245	70	86	246	188	(77)	281
15/10/2024	245	70	103	245	168	(77)	245
16/10/2024	245	70	101	245	151	(77)	227
17/10/2024	245	70	78	246	171	(77)	242
18/10/2024	245	70	71	249	178	(77)	254
19/10/2024	245	70	77	245	178	(77)	254
20/10/2024	245	70	67	245	156	(77)	234
21/10/2024	245	70	101	245	128	(77)	203
22/10/2024	245	70	88	245	151	(77)	235
23/10/2024	245	70	94	249	168	(77)	244
24/10/2024	245	70	89	249	159	(77)	239
25/10/2024	245	70	111	245	138	(77)	218
26/10/2024	245	70	158	249	131	(77)	206
27/10/2024	245	70	158	245	131	(77)	206
28/10/2024	245	70	104	253	145	(77)	222
29/10/2024	245	70	105	245	146	(77)	221
30/10/2024	245	70	105	245	146	(77)	221
31/10/2024	245	70	101	245	167	(77)	245
1/11/2024	245	70	101	245	169	(77)	249
2/11/2024	245	70	112	245	137	(77)	214
3/11/2024	245	70	101	245	158	(77)	234
4/11/2024	245	70	105	245	159	(77)	238
5/11/2024	245	70	103	245	166	(77)	242
6/11/2024	245	70	108	245	151	(77)	227
7/11/2024	245	70	103	249	148	(77)	231
8/11/2024	245	70	109	245	159	(77)	239
9/11/2024	245	70	109	245	157	(77)	237
10/11/2024	245	70	104	249	157	(77)	234
11/11/2024	245	70	117	245	132	(77)	208
12/11/2024	245	70	106	246	146	(77)	241
13/11/2024	245	70	108	245	161	(77)	258
14/11/2024	245	70	109	249	160	(77)	247
15/11/2024	245	70	101	245	172	(77)	248
16/11/2024	245	70	141	246	138	(77)	194
17/11/2024	245	70	140	245	107	(77)	169
18/11/2024	245	70	141	245	108	(77)	168
19/11/2024	245	70	141	246	78	(77)	161
20/11/2024	245	70	100	245	99	(77)	138

26/11/2024	245	75	131	240	118	(77)	198
27/11/2024	245	75	130	240	145	(77)	217
28/11/2024	245	75	115	240	134	(77)	210
29/11/2024	245	75	130	240	145	(77)	217
30/11/2024	245	75	184	240	151	(77)	220
1/12/2024	245	75	130	240	145	(77)	217
2/12/2024	245	75	120	240	120	(77)	198
3/12/2024	245	75	144	240	146	(77)	246
4/12/2024	245	75	80	240	145	(77)	217
5/12/2024	245	75	151	240	85	(77)	142
6/12/2024	245	75	160	240	85	(77)	148
7/12/2024	245	75	185	240	153	(77)	239
8/12/2024	245	75	157	240	148	(77)	233
9/12/2024	245	75	149	240	110	(77)	187
10/12/2024	245	75	130	240	146	(77)	217
11/12/2024	245	75	113	240	138	(77)	212
12/12/2024	245	75	131	240	118	(77)	198
13/12/2024	245	75	132	240	120	(77)	198
14/12/2024	245	75	114	240	135	(77)	212
15/12/2024	245	75	101	240	128	(77)	204
16/12/2024	245	75	130	240	146	(77)	217
17/12/2024	245	75	137	240	152	(77)	239
18/12/2024	245	75	80	240	156	(77)	247
19/12/2024	245	75	88	240	151	(77)	227
20/12/2024	245	75	70	240	170	(77)	256
21/12/2024	245	75	71	240	178	(77)	264
22/12/2024	245	75	185	240	185	(77)	282
23/12/2024	245	75	253	240	177	(77)	284
24/12/2024	245	75	84	240	185	(77)	286
25/12/2024	245	75	80	240	189	(77)	290
26/12/2024	245	75	89	240	185	(77)	287
27/12/2024	245	75	117	240	174	(77)	280
28/12/2024	245	75	75	240	174	(77)	281
29/12/2024	245	75	117	240	178	(77)	285
30/12/2024	245	75	84	240	185	(77)	291
31/12/2024	245	75	84	240	185	(77)	291
1/1/2025	245	75	72	240	177	(77)	284
2/1/2025	245	75	75	240	174	(77)	281
3/1/2025	245	75	139	240	143	(77)	219
4/1/2025	245	75	137	240	115	(77)	188
5/1/2025	245	75	130	240	119	(77)	196
6/1/2025	245	75	130	240	176	(77)	253
7/1/2025	245	75	171	240	178	(77)	284
8/1/2025	245	75	130	240	146	(77)	217
9/1/2025	245	75	146	240	122	(77)	200
10/1/2025	245	75	143	240	131	(77)	207
11/1/2025	245	75	109	240	150	(77)	227
12/1/2025	245	75	124	240	125	(77)	201
13/1/2025	245	75	133	240	141	(77)	217
14/1/2025	245	75	135	240	114	(77)	190
15/1/2025	245	75	70	240	175	(77)	250
16/1/2025	245	75	80	240	169	(77)	246
17/1/2025	245	75	82	240	167	(77)	244
18/1/2025	245	75	86	240	154	(77)	241
19/1/2025	245	75	140	240	105	(77)	177
20/1/2025	245	75	184	240	85	(77)	141
21/1/2025	245	75	83	240	168	(77)	262
22/1/2025	245	75	87	240	152	(77)	239
23/1/2025	245	75	74	240	178	(77)	252
24/1/2025	245	75	71	240	178	(77)	254
25/1/2025	245	75	81	240	195	(77)	283
26/1/2025	245	75	100	240	149	(77)	238
27/1/2025	245	75	80	240	157	(77)	243
28/1/2025	245	75	84	240	165	(77)	251
29/1/2025	245	75	89	240	180	(77)	266
30/1/2025	245	75	101	240	197	(77)	288
31/1/2025	245	75	109	240	161	(77)	237
1/2/2025	245	75	146	240	105	(77)	186
2/2/2025	245	75	137	240	92	(77)	169
3/2/2025	245	75	111	240	138	(77)	215
4/2/2025	245	75	101	240	158	(77)	240
5/2/2025	245	75	141	240	105	(77)	185
6/2/2025	245	75	80	240	152	(77)	239
7/2/2025	245	75	80	240	184	(77)	260
8/2/2025	245	75	82	240	197	(77)	283
9/2/2025	245	75	80	240	163	(77)	240
10/2/2025	245	75	152	240	87	(77)	173
11/2/2025	245	75	101	240	86	(77)	159

13/06/2025	245	75	88	243	161	(77)	237
14/06/2025	245	75	88	243	158	(77)	237
15/06/2025	245	75	88	243	163	(77)	240
16/06/2025	245	75	88	243	167	(77)	245
17/06/2025	245	75	114	243	135	(77)	211
18/06/2025	245	75	88	243	154	(77)	228
19/06/2025	245	75	100	243	149	(77)	228
20/06/2025	245	75	146	243	151	(77)	242
21/06/2025	245	75	131	243	115	(77)	212
22/06/2025	245	75	103	243	145	(77)	217
23/06/2025	245	75	104	243	171	(77)	247
24/06/2025	245	75	103	243	158	(77)	233
25/06/2025	245	75	147	243	155	(77)	213
26/06/2025	245	75	149	243	39	(77)	144
27/06/2025	245	75	182	243	97	(77)	144
28/06/2025	245	75	133	243	38	(77)	173
29/06/2025	245	75	104	243	148	(77)	224
30/06/2025	245	75	91	243	188	(77)	234
01/07/2025	245	75	152	243	147	(77)	231
02/07/2025	245	75	104	243	98	(77)	173
03/07/2025	245	75	89	243	119	(77)	198
04/07/2025	245	75	82	243	167	(77)	243
05/07/2025	245	75	104	243	146	(77)	241
06/07/2025	245	75	138	243	110	(77)	187
07/07/2025	245	75	138	243	112	(77)	190
08/07/2025	245	75	184	243	106	(77)	182
09/07/2025	245	75	138	243	8	(77)	187
10/07/2025	245	75	138	243	121	(77)	187
11/07/2025	245	75	145	243	104	(77)	186
12/07/2025	245	75	137	243	112	(77)	189
13/07/2025	245	75	154	243	125	(77)	201
14/07/2025	245	75	146	243	181	(77)	240
15/07/2025	245	75	138	243	151	(77)	217
16/07/2025	245	75	105	243	144	(77)	211
17/07/2025	245	75	138	243	119	(77)	198
18/07/2025	245	75	130	243	103	(77)	188
19/07/2025	245	75	141	243	103	(77)	188
20/07/2025	245	75	87	243	162	(77)	218
21/07/2025	245	75	94	243	158	(77)	212
22/07/2025	245	75	94	243	154	(77)	217
23/07/2025	245	75	105	243	144	(77)	210
24/07/2025	245	75	103	243	147	(77)	213
25/07/2025	245	75	130	243	147	(77)	214
26/07/2025	245	75	130	243	119	(77)	198
27/07/2025	245	75	137	243	157	(77)	211
28/07/2025	245	75	136	243	173	(77)	240
29/07/2025	245	75	87	243	161	(77)	214
30/07/2025	245	75	85	243	164	(77)	240
31/07/2025	245	75	85	243	164	(77)	240
01/08/2025	245	75	103	243	149	(77)	214
02/08/2025	245	75	102	243	155	(77)	215
03/08/2025	245	75	101	243	155	(77)	215
04/08/2025	245	75	101	243	155	(77)	215
05/08/2025	245	75	102	243	147	(77)	213
06/08/2025	245	75	101	243	171	(77)	247
07/08/2025	245	75	146	243	191	(77)	217
08/08/2025	245	75	127	243	155	(77)	199
09/08/2025	245	75	146	243	103	(77)	179
10/08/2025	245	75	112	243	130	(77)	213
11/08/2025	245	75	107	243	142	(77)	218
12/08/2025	245	75	94	243	158	(77)	212
13/08/2025	245	75	138	243	118	(77)	197
14/08/2025	245	75	88	243	155	(77)	210
15/08/2025	245	75	131	243	98	(77)	174
16/08/2025	245	75	107	243	39	(77)	144
17/08/2025	245	75	173	243	78	(77)	183
18/08/2025	245	75	87	243	144	(77)	217
19/08/2025	245	75	87	243	202	(77)	219
20/08/2025	245	75	81	243	145	(77)	211
21/08/2025	245	75	75	243	174	(77)	210
22/08/2025	245	75	119	243	174	(77)	240
23/08/2025	245	75	118	243	151	(77)	217
24/08/2025	245	75	113	243	138	(77)	212
25/08/2025	245	75	137	243	137	(77)	213
26/08/2025	245	75	85	243	185	(77)	216
27/08/2025	245	75	87	243	158	(77)	213
28/08/2025	245	75	146	243	118	(77)	187
29/08/2025	245	75	144	243	128	(77)	201
30/08/2025	245	75	140	243	159	(77)	210
31/08/2025	245	75	144	243	144	(77)	198
01/09/2025	245	75	118	243	131	(77)	208
02/09/2025	245	75	108	243	163	(77)	210
03/09/2025	245	75	84	243	168	(77)	212
04/09/2025	245	75	103	243	195	(77)	217
05/09/2025	245	75	94	243	158	(77)	211
06/09/2025	245	75	112	243	137	(77)	213
07/09/2025	245	75	133	243	118	(77)	183
08/09/2025	245	75	112	243	137	(77)	213
09/09/2025	245	75	114	243	135	(77)	211
10/09/2025	245	75	133	243	114	(77)	210
11/09/2025	245	75	137	243	52	(77)	188
12/09/2025	245	75	137	243	79	(77)	188
13/09/2025	245	75	170	243	62	(77)	158
14/09/2025	245	75	181	243	68	(77)	161
15/09/2025	245	75	103	243	148	(77)	213
16/09/2025	245	75	137	243	137	(77)	214
17/09/2025	245	75	178	243	73	(77)	190
18/09/2025	245	75	207	243	24	(77)	84
19/09/2025	245	75	219	243	39	(77)	197
20/09/2025	245	75	207	243	42	(77)	178
21/09/2025	245	75	178	243	74	(77)	181
22/09/2025	245	75	178	243	133	(77)	212
23/09/2025	245	75	102	243	147	(77)	214
24/09/2025	245	75	107	243	145	(77)	213
25/09/2025	245	75	104	243	99	(77)	178
26/09/2025	245	75	138	243	107	(77)	197
27/09/2025	245	75	172	243	77	(77)	184
28/09/2025	245	75	189	243	76	(77)	146
29/09/2025	245	75	189	243	80	(77)	198
30/09/2025	245	75	209	243	38	(77)	181
01/10/2025	245	75	103	243	87	(77)	194
02/10/2025	245	75	201	243	48	(77)	184
03/10/2025	245	75	183	243	89	(77)	192
04/10/2025	245	75	187	243	157	(77)	214
05/10/2025	245	75	141	243	108	(77)	186
06/10/2025	245	75	103	243	94	(77)	171
07/10/2025	245	75	201	243	48	(77)	195
08/10/2025	245	75	201	243	8	(77)	84
09/10/2025	245	75	201	243	8	(77)	84
10/10/2025	245	75	201	243	22	(77)	98
11/10/2025	245	75	201	243	22	(77)	98

Please input the percentages of asset value allocated to each services, and the indexes provided by AER. Please ensure to include any necessary explanation in the Basis of Preparation of the allocation methodologies, or if alternative index is used. The cost-based pricing benchmarks is calculated based on three elements. The basic logics of the methodology would be explained in the handbook.

6.1 Inputs

Service provider types		MSB types	
Description	Asset allocation to shadow service %	Description	%
Non-forward fund management services	82.0%	Reverse redemptory return of asset	3.71%
Forward fund services	1.0%	Reverse redemptory return of asset	0.0%
Commodity or a suitable transaction services	2.0%	Redemptory fee	0.0%
Non-redemptory commitment services	0.0%	Reverse	0.0%
Redemptory commitment services	0.0%	Reverse redemptory fee of asset	0.0%
Other services	0.0%	Reverse redemptory fee of asset	0.0%
Non-fund services	0.0%		
Commodity trading services	0.0%		
Commodity trading services	0.0%		
Other	0.0%		
	100.0%		

6.2 Pricing benchmarks

		Cost estimate per unit	Price of output per unit	Maximum output per unit	Cost estimate per unit	Price of output per unit
Perishable food transportation service	high	\$1,000	\$1,000	1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Sealed service	high	\$1,000	\$1,000	1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Interperishable or available transportation service	high	\$1,000	\$1,000	1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
First class-daily transportation service	high	\$1,000	\$1,000	1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Interperishable or available perishable goods transportation service	high	\$1,000	\$1,000	1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Bulk service	high	\$1,000	\$1,000	1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Pack and ship service	high	\$1,000	\$1,000	1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Customs handling service	high	\$1,000	\$1,000	1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Other handling service	high	\$1,000	\$1,000	1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Other	high	\$1,000	\$1,000	1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Other	high	\$1,000	\$1,000	1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000

6.4 Calculation process

Fixed operation costs					
16. Three estimates of open per unit of capacity	Fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1	Fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1	Capacity depreciation (project period) T2	Fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1 less capacity depreciation	Fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1 less capacity depreciation
Estimated fixed operation cost	25,127,222.4	25,127,222.4	0	25,127,222.4	0.00
Depreciation of net available transportation service	1,400,208.4	200,360.4	108,006	0.01	0.00
Depreciation of net available land and water service	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation of net available land and water transportation service	-	-	-	-	-
Peak load	2,980,325.6	687,368.6	37,022	0.00	0.01
Capacity depreciation	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,400,477.2	200,360.4	108,006	0.01	0.00

Return of capital			
17. Estimated Return of Capital based on Table 2.1.1	Estimated fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1	Estimated capacity depreciation in Table 2.1.1	Estimated return of capital based on Table 2.1.1
Estimated fixed operation cost	25,127,222.4	200,360.4	25,327,582.8
Depreciation of net available transportation service	1,400,208.4	200,360.4	1,600,568.8
Depreciation of net available land and water service	-	-	-
Depreciation of net available land and water transportation service	-	-	-
Peak load	2,980,325.6	687,368.6	3,667,694.2
Capacity depreciation	-	-	-
Total	1,400,477.2	200,360.4	1,600,568.8

18. Depreciation of net available transportation service per unit of capacity					
Fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1	Fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1	Capacity depreciation (project period) T2	Fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1 less capacity depreciation	Fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1 less capacity depreciation	Fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1 less capacity depreciation
Estimated fixed operation cost	25,127,222.4	0	25,127,222.4	0.01	0.00
Depreciation of net available transportation service	1,400,208.4	108,006	1,292,202.4	0.01	0.00
Depreciation of net available land and water service	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation of net available land and water transportation service	-	-	-	-	-
Peak load	2,980,325.6	37,022	2,943,303.6	0.00	0.00
Capacity depreciation	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,400,477.2	108,006	1,292,202.4	0.01	0.00

19. Estimated RCM depreciation per unit of capacity					
Fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1	Fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1	Capacity depreciation (project period) T2	Fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1 less capacity depreciation	Fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1 less capacity depreciation	Fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1 less capacity depreciation
Estimated fixed operation cost	25,127,222.4	0	25,127,222.4	0.01	0.00
Depreciation of net available transportation service	1,400,208.4	108,006	1,292,202.4	0.01	0.00
Depreciation of net available land and water service	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation of net available land and water transportation service	-	-	-	-	-
Peak load	2,980,325.6	37,022	2,943,303.6	0.00	0.00
Capacity depreciation	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,400,477.2	108,006	1,292,202.4	0.01	0.00

Return on capital & Tax	
20. Return on capital	2.11%
Estimated return on capital	19.22%
Estimated return on capital	19.22%
Estimated return on capital	19.22%
Estimated return on capital	19.22%

21. Based on the estimated rate of return on capital Depreciation based on the estimated rate of return on capital					
Estimated fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1	Estimated fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1	Capacity depreciation (project period) T2	Estimated fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1 less capacity depreciation	Estimated fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1 less capacity depreciation	Estimated fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1 less capacity depreciation
Estimated fixed operation cost	25,127,222.4	0	25,127,222.4	0.01	0.00
Depreciation of net available transportation service	1,400,208.4	108,006	1,292,202.4	0.01	0.00
Depreciation of net available land and water service	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation of net available land and water transportation service	-	-	-	-	-
Peak load	2,980,325.6	37,022	2,943,303.6	0.00	0.00
Capacity depreciation	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,400,477.2	108,006	1,292,202.4	0.01	0.00

22. Based on the average regulatory rate of return					
Estimated fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1	Estimated fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1	Capacity depreciation (project period) T2	Estimated fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1 less capacity depreciation	Estimated fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1 less capacity depreciation	Estimated fixed costs less depreciation in Table 2.1.1 less capacity depreciation
Estimated fixed operation cost	25,127,222.4	0	25,127,222.4	0.01	0.00
Depreciation of net available transportation service	1,400,208.4	108,006	1,292,202.4	0.01	0.00
Depreciation of net available land and water service	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation of net available land and water transportation service	-	-	-	-	-
Peak load	2,980,325.6	37,022	2,943,303.6	0.00	0.00
Capacity depreciation	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,400,477.2	108,006	1,292,202.4	0.01	0.00

1. Pipeline information									
Table ID	Table Name	BoP ID	Item Name	Estimated/Actual	Why Estimated	Source	Assumptions	Methodology	Additional Comments
1.1	Pipeline details	N/A - No reference in template	Pipeline Location and Length	Actual	NA	The Geographic Information System (GIS)	N/A	User-Access-Guide.pdf	N/A
1.1	Pipeline details	N/A - No reference in template	Number of Customers	Actual	NA	MS Dynamics NAV (customer records)	N/A	Customer data was produced from a Finance ERP report on GTA related customers for the relevant financial year.	N/A
1.1	Pipeline details	N/A - No reference in template	Service Type	Actual	NA	Published User Access Guide	N/A	User-Access-Guide.pdf	N/A
1.1	Pipeline details	N/A - No reference in template	Pipeline Nameplate Capacity	Actual	NA	MAPS Operational Information Summary.xlsx	N/A	Nameplate capacity is a function of the physical constraints of the asset (e.g. pipe size, compressor size, gas composition) and the nature of the commercial services delivered by the asset (e.g. steady flows vs intermittent periods of high flows).	N/A
1.1	Pipeline details	N/A - No reference in template	Construction Date	Actual	NA	S-00-099-TR-G-007 The Moomba/Adelaide Pipeline Manual	N/A		N/A
1.2	Pipeline services provided	N/A - No BoP Reference cells in the template	Pipeline services provided	Actual	NA	Microsoft Word - MAPS+Service+Information+Table (4).docx PypIT	N/A	The "MAPS Service Information" document discloses all services provided referencing PypIT contract information captured from agreements.	N/A

2. Revenue and expenses

An overview of the revenue generated from pipeline operations and the costs associated with the pipeline, published by pipeline services.

Table ID	Table Name	BoP ID	Item Name	Estimated/Actual	Why Estimated	Source	Assumptions	Methodology	Additional Comments
2.1	Statement of pipeline revenue and expenses by service	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

2.1 Profit & Loss statement by components									
An overview of the revenue generated from pipeline operations and the costs associated with the pipeline, published by P&L components.									
Table ID	Table Name	BoP ID	Item Name	Estimated/Actual	Why Estimated	Source	Assumptions	Methodology	Additional Comments
2.1.1	Statement of pipeline revenues and expenses by component	2.1.15OPRAEBC_D13:122	Direct revenue by pipeline	Actual	N/A	Pyp11 and Microsoft Dynamics NAV	None noted	Total service revenue Refer to table 2.1.1, which includes an explanation of how revenue is allocated to each category Customer Contributions revenue Refer BoP for explanation on "Customer contributions received" in table 2.3.1 Government Contributions revenue None Profit from sale of fixed assets & Other direct revenue Items reported in this category are based on the review of the Fixed Asset Register and general ledger. Other indirect revenue None Reporting period – Amounts excluding related party transactions No related party transactions exist, therefore all revenue has been reported within the 'Amount excluding related party transactions' column. EESA does not provide any transactions or direct services to its related parties. Related Parties are defined in line with AASB 124 and would include Power Assets located in separate entities	None Noted
2.1.1	Statement of pipeline revenues and expenses by component	2.1.15OPRAEBC_D24:132	Direct expenses by pipeline	Actual	N/A	Microsoft Dynamics NAV/IBM Maximo	None noted	Costs are recorded and tracked in the financial information management systems maintained by the Service Provider. All costs are recorded by the legal entity that incurs the cost using a general ledger account associated with the nature of cost. Depending on the nature of the cost, additional information such as a project, asset or location associated with the cost will also be recorded. A Jet Report tool is utilised to extract the relevant cost data into the correct template category by referencing unique ledger accounts. These ledger accounts, identify specific pipeline costs based on location and cost type. Direct costs - repairs and maintenance These costs are directly attributable to the provision of services on the MAPS. Costs are recorded on work orders that include the pipeline asset or location associated with the work. This cost category includes the cost of dig up and repair activities on the MAPS as well as other preventative and corrective maintenance. Direct costs - depreciation Depreciation has been identified from the Fixed Asset Register maintained by the Service Provider as part of its financial information management systems. Depreciation relates to assets identified as directly relating to the MAPS in the statement of pipeline assets. Direct costs - licence and regulatory costs These costs have been identified from the financial information management systems as the direct cost of the Service Provider maintaining the MAPS pipeline licence. Direct costs - other direct costs Other direct costs include costs identified from the financial information management systems associated with assets identified as directly relating to the MAPS such as odorant and oils.	Refer to CAM
2.1.1	Statement of pipeline revenues and expenses by component	2.1.15OPRAEBC_D34:134	Shared expenses by pipeline - employee expenses	Actual	N/A	Microsoft Dynamics NAV/external payroll provider reporting	None noted	Shared costs - employee costs These costs have been allocated to the MAPS using the following allocation method: Total employee related costs incurred by EESA include salaries, superannuation, employee benefits, training costs, incentive schemes and costs associated with working in remote areas such as roster flights and food. These costs have been included as shared costs – employee costs and then reduced by the following allocations: - The Service Provider maintains standard labour rates used to recover the cost of internal labour against work orders; - Employee costs associated with capital projects are removed based on time recorded against capital projects. These costs are included in the cost of pipeline assets. - Employee costs associated with work orders that relate directly to other assets or business activities have been removed. - Corporate staff costs who have roles that do not directly or indirectly relate to the provision of services on the MAPS have been excluded based on the roles and direct and indirect costs of employment. Finally, remaining employee costs have been allocated based on the ratio of capacity of pipelines owned and operated by the Service Provider. Capacity of Pipelines Ratio: The ratio of capacity of pipelines owned and operated by the Service Provider is calculated as: $\text{Pipeline system capacity} / (\text{MAPS capacity} + \text{SEPS capacity})$ $\text{Where MAPS capacity} = 364 \text{ TJ/d (being } 249\text{TJ/d Southern Haul and } 105\text{TJ/d Northern Haul); and SEPS capacity} = 9.5 \text{ TJ/d.}$ The shared cost allocator is the most appropriate available allocator because it allows for costs to be allocated between MAPS and SEPS on a consistent basis that considers the difference in size, complexity and running costs of the two systems.	Refer to CAM
2.1.1	Statement of pipeline revenues and expenses by component	2.1.15OPRAEBC_D35:135	Shared expenses by pipeline - information technology and communication costs	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics NAV	None noted	Shared costs - information technology and communication costs Information technology and communication costs includes all costs associated with software licensing and support, networking and communication costs. It has been allocated based on the ratio of capacity of pipelines owned and operated by the Service Provider	Refer to CAM
2.1.2	Statement of pipeline revenues and expenses by component	2.1.15OPRAEBC_D37:137	Shared expenses by pipeline - shared asset depreciation	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics NAV	None noted	Shared costs – shared asset depreciation Shared asset depreciation has been identified from the Fixed Asset Register maintained by the Service Provider as part of its financial information management systems. Shared asset depreciation relates to assets identified as not directly relating to the MAPS or SEPS. A two-step approach has been taken to allocating shared asset depreciation to the MAPS in accordance with the principles set out in the Guidelines: •Motor vehicle depreciation has been allocated based on the time charged to the MAPS for maintenance activities relative to the time charged to the SEPS activities. This results in circa 2% of costs being allocated as not directly relating to the MAPS. •This shared cost allocator is the most appropriate available allocator because it is based on time records and is consistent with how internal labour costs have been allocated. •Other depreciation which relate to buildings and information communication and technology (ICT) assets has been allocated based on the ratio of capacity of pipelines owned and operated by the Service Provider.	Refer to CAM
2.1.3	Statement of pipeline revenues and expenses by component	2.1.15OPRAEBC_D42:142	Shared expenses by pipeline - other shared costs	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics NAV	None noted	Shared costs - other shared costs Other shared costs include costs not directly attributable to the provision of pipeline services. Other shared costs include consultants, audit and legal advice, the insurance programme and travel and related expenses. Other shared costs have been allocated to the MAPS using the following method: •EESA has Management Service Agreements in place with other legal entities in the Epic Group to provide defined services. EESA recovers the cost of providing these services from the other legal entities which results in a decrease to other shared costs. •All other shared costs have been allocated based on the ratio of capacity of pipelines owned and operated by the Service Provider.	Refer to CAM

2.2 Allocation to pipeline services A breakdown of revenue and expenses by each pipeline services.										
Table ID	Table Name	BoP ID	Item Name	Estimated/Actual	Why Estimated	Source	Assumptions	Methodology	Additional Comments	
2.2.1	Revenue by service	2.2.1RBS_D13:K23	Direct Revenue (excl. capital contributions)	Actual	N/A	PypIT and MS Dynamics NAV	N/A	Allocation to pipeline service & Amount excluding related party transactions Allocation to pipeline service and allocator methodology Each PypIT Revenue Service is directly attributable to a specific category of revenue based on the contract details and then assigned to a specific general ledger account withing MS Dynamics Navision. Where Finance ERP account allocation requires better alignment to the template, particular invoice line items are flagged to ensure appropriate mapping. Each direct revenue line item's Allocation of Pipeline Service (%) is calculated as the revenue amount (\$) per line item divided by the Total direct revenue amount (\$). Allocator justification Numeric quantities of allocators are displayed in the reporting template. Other direct revenue Revenue items that are not sourced from PypIT do not relate to any of the standard categories shown in the template and are reported in the 'Other' Direct revenue category based on analysis of supporting Finance ERP records. Other Direct revenue includes miscellaneous revenue items such as Day Ahead Auction revenue, O&M agreements and various cost recoveries. Reporting period – Amounts excluding related party transactions There is no direct revenue sourced from related parties, therefore all revenue has been reported within the 'Amount excluding related party transactions' column.	NA	
2.2.1	Revenue by service	2.2.1RBS_D25:K35	Capital Contributions	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics NAV	N/A	Allocation to pipeline service & Amount excluding related party transactions Allocator Capital contributions were sourced from the Finance ERP general ledger and allocated to the 'Description' revenue category based on the Direct revenue allocator Allocator justification: Capital contributions utilise the Direct revenue allocator being the most appropriate where capital contributions are not attributable to a specific revenue category i.e. Customers who make capital contributions using multiple services. Numeric quantities of allocators are displayed in the reporting template. Reporting period -Related party transactions No Capital Contributions were sourced from related parties.	NA	
2.2.1	Revenue by service	2.2.1RBS_D37:K49	Indirect revenue allocated	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics NAV	N/A	No indirect revenue was reportable	NA	
2.2.2	Expenses by service	2.2.2EBS_D56:K66	Total direct expenses (excl. depreciation)	Actual	Direct expenses and Shared expenses are not directly attributed to a specific Direct revenue category	Direct revenue line items	Expenses have been allocated using revenue as an allocator.	Allocation of Pipeline Service (%) calculated as Total direct expenses (excl. depreciation) (\$) multiplied by Direct revenue line item amount (\$) divided by the Total direct revenue amount (\$) ratio. Numeric quantities of allocators are displayed in the reporting template. This is provided in order to comply with the current template requirements and is the most appropriate allocator given the template limitations and the fact MAPS is a distribution service.	As discussed in CAM.	
2.2.2	Expenses by service	2.2.2EBS_D68:K78	Depreciation	Actual	Direct expenses and Shared expenses are not directly attributed to a specific Direct revenue category	Direct revenue line items	Expenses have been allocated using revenue as an allocator.	Allocation of Pipeline Service (%) calculated as Total depreciation (\$) multiplied by Direct revenue line item amount (\$) divided by the Total direct revenue amount (\$) ratio. Numeric quantities of allocators are displayed in the reporting template. This is provided in order to comply with the current template requirements and is the most appropriate allocator given the template limitations and the fact MAPS is a distribution service.	As discussed in CAM.	
2.2.2	Expenses by service	2.2.2_D80:K91	Total shared expenses (excl. depreciation)	Actual	Direct expenses and Shared expenses are not directly attributed to a specific Direct revenue category	Direct revenue line items	Expenses have been allocated using revenue as an allocator.	Allocation of Pipeline Service (%) calculated as Total shared expenses (excl. depreciation) (\$) multiplied by Direct revenue line item amount (\$) divided by the Total direct revenue amount (\$) ratio. Numeric quantities of allocators are displayed in the reporting template. This is provided in order to comply with the current template requirements and is the most appropriate allocator given the template limitations and the fact MAPS is a distribution service.	As discussed in CAM.	

2.3 Revenue contributions

A list of capital contributions received (including both customer and government contributions).

Table ID	Table Name	BoP ID	Item Name	Estimated/Actual	Why Estimated	Source	Assumptions	Methodology	Additional Comments
2.3.1	Customer contributions received	N/A – No Basis of Preparation ID	Description	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics NAV	N/A	The Finance ERP was reviewed and any revenue contributions recognised accordingly. Customer contributions are recognised over the economic life in line with accounting standards.	Customer contributions relate to upgrading infrastructure that benefits that particular customer only.
2.3.2	Government contributions received	N/A – No Basis of Preparation ID	Description	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics NAV	N/A	The Finance ERP was reviewed and any revenue contributions recognised accordingly. None have been identified to report on.	None Noted

2.4 Indirect revenue

A list of the indirect revenue allocated to the pipeline

Table ID	Table Name	BoP ID	Item Name	Estimated/Actual	Why Estimated	Source	Assumptions	Methodology	Additional Comments
2.4.1	Indirect revenue allocation	2.4.1.IRA	Description	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics NAV	N/A	The Finance ERP was reviewed to assess whether any Indirect revenue was received. Indirect revenue was reported as nil on the basis that there was no indirect revenue which was required to be allocated to the pipeline.	N/A

2.5 Shared expenses

Service providers are required to allocate a fair proportion of shared costs such as corporate overheads to each pipeline.

Table ID	Table Name	BoP ID	Item Name	Estimated/Actual	Why Estimated	Source	Assumptions	Methodology	Additional Comments
2.5.1	Shared expense allocation	2.5.1SEA_D15:J36	Description categories, Income statement account applied to, Shared costs excluding related parties, Shared costs paid to related parties, (Gross shared costs), % allocated to pipeline, Total allocated to pipeline excluding related parties, Total related party amounts allocated to pipeline (Net shared costs).	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics NAV / Maximo	N/A	Refer methodology in 2.1.1	Refer BOP ID: 2.1.1_D34:I34 2.1.1_D35:I35 2.1.1_D37:I37 2.1.1_D42:I42

3. Asset value - Depreciated Book Value Method (DBVM) (For Non-scheme pipeline only)
An overview of the assets utilised in the pipeline operations based on DBVM.

Table ID	Table Name	BoP ID	Item Name	Estimated/Actual	Why Estimated	Source	Assumptions	Methodology	Additional Comments
3.1.1	Pipeline assets (DBVM)	3.1.1PADBVM_D18:E80 3.1.1PADBVM_D106:E119	Pipeline assets, Shared supporting assets	Actual	N/A	Fixed Asset Register (FAR)	Refer to assumptions in table 3.5.1: Pipeline assets at cost and table 3.5.2: Shared assets at cost.	Per source material for non-input cells referencing 'Table 3.5.1: Pipeline assets at cost' and 'Table 3.5.2: Shared assets at cost'. The service provider confirms that the pipeline's assets are measured at historical cost in accordance with AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment, none of the pipeline's assets have been revalued since the acquisition date. The pipeline does not depreciate land but does depreciate easements that have a fixed term life. To align with the presentation of information required in Table 3.1.1, the opening cost base in the comparative column has been revised to reflect the opening accumulated depreciation. Current year depreciation has been included in the additions for the current reporting period. Shared assets allocator and justification Refer 3.5.1 for the methodology adopted	N/A
3.1.1	Pipeline assets (DBVM)	3.1.1PADBVM_D97:E102	Other non- depreciable pipeline assets	Actual	N/A	Fixed Asset Register (FAR)	N/A	Other non-depreciable pipeline assets are gas line pack. Line pack is not depreciated as the Service Provider believes the residual value of the line pack will exceed the historical cost at the end of the life of the pipeline.	N/A
3.1.1		3.1.1PADBVM_D121:E123	Inventories, Deferred tax assets, Other assets	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics NAV	N/A	The pipeline's inventories, deferred tax assets and other assets form part of Pipeline Assets and are reported on the row 'Other non-depreciable pipeline assets.' Inventories are allocated based on the ratio of capacity of pipelines owned and operated by the Service Provider as disclosed in 2.2.1. No deferred tax asset exists related to the pipeline. Other assets represents capital work in progress that specifically relate to MAPS. The prior year comparative also include working capital assets. These have been removed in the current year to provide more relevant information on other assets for users of this template.	N/A
3.1.2		3.1.2ICOPADBVM_D132	Initial costs of pipeline assets (DBVM)	Actual	N/A	Fixed Asset Register (FAR)	N/A	The acquisition costs incurred were sourced from historical asset data held within the FAR which relate to the NWDV position through the MAPS acquisition in 2013.	N/A

3.2 Asset value - Regulatory Asset Base (RAB) (For Scheme pipeline only)
An overview of the assets utilised in the pipeline operations based on RAB.

Table ID	Table Name	BoP ID	Item Name	Estimated/Actual	Why Estimated	Source	Assumptions	Methodology	Additional Comments
3.2.1	Pipeline assets (RAB)	3.2.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	This table is only required for scheme pipelines. The pipeline is not a scheme pipeline.

3.3 Asset useful life

The asset useful life schedule, which provides the basis for calculating depreciation for different classes of assets and the reason for choosing this basis.

Table ID	Table Name	BoP ID	Item Name	Estimated/Actual	Why Estimated	Source	Assumptions	Methodology	Additional Comments
3.3.1	Asset useful life	3.3.1AUL_D11:F39	Description (list each individual balance sheet item), Commission date (provide a range), Useful life years, Reason for choosing this useful life	Actual	N/A	Report template Pipeline information disclosure guidelines	N/A	Description (list each individual balance sheet item) Commission date (provide a range) For each asset 'Description' category the date the pipeline was acquired (2013) has been referenced as the commission date. Useful life years MAPS was constructed in 1969 but acquired in 2013. The useful life for each category is aligned to the higher assumption in Appendix A in the "Pipeline Information Disclosure" being viewed as an appropriate asset category indicator given the age of the pipeline.	None Noted

3.4 Asset impairment

A schedule of impairments made to pipeline assets and impairment reversals.

Table ID	Table Name	BoP ID	Item Name	Estimated/Actual	Why Estimated	Source	Assumptions	Methodology	Additional Comments
3.4.1	Asset Impaired	3.4.1AI	Asset description, Impairment amount \$ nominal, Impairment date, Basis for impairment	Actual	NA	MS Dynamics NAV	N/A	Reviewed the Finance ERP general ledger and FAR to identify whether any impairment transactions have been recorded. No Impairment recorded for the current year.	N/A
3.4.2	Asset Impairment Reversals	3.4.1AIR	Asset description, Prior Impairment amount \$ nominal, Impairment date, Basis for impairment, Reversal amount \$nominal, Reversal date, Basis for Reversal	Actual	NA	MS Dynamics NAV	N/A	Reviewed the Finance ERP general ledger and FAR to identify whether any impairment transactions have been recorded. No Impairment recorded for the current year.	N/A

3.5 Depreciation amortisation									
Table ID	Table Name	BoP ID	Item Name	Estimated/Actual	Why Estimated	Source	Assumptions	Methodology	Additional Comments
3.5.1	Pipeline assets at cost - pipeline assets &	3.5.1PAAC_C15:Q59	Description, Category, Acquisition date (provide a range), Useful life, Estimated residual value, Opening Cost Base, Current year additions, Current year capitalised Maintenance or improvements, Current year disposals or Early termination, Adjusted Cost Base, Prior years' accumulated depreciation	Actual	NA	MS Dynamics Navision FAR	NA	Assets are recorded with an associated location on the Fixed Asset Register maintained by the Service Provider. Assets with locations only associated with the MAPS have been included in Table 3.5.1 Pipeline assets at cost – pipeline assets.	Land and easements are not depreciated.
3.5.2	Shared assets at cost (less straight-line depreciation)	3.5.2SAAC_D66:P84	Useful life, Estimated residual value, Opening Cost Base, Current year additions, Current year capitalised Maintenance or improvements, Current year disposals or Early termination, Adjusted Cost Base, Prior years' accumulated depreciation, Current year depreciation, Written Down Value					Assets associated with both MAPS and SEPS have been considered for 3.5.2: Pipeline assets at cost. The Buildings, ICT assets and building leases have been allocated to MAPS based on the ratio of capacity of pipelines (per 2.1.1). Motor vehicles have been allocated based on time charged to MAPS for maintenance relative to time charged for SEPS. The shared cost allocator is the most appropriate available allocator because it allows for costs to be allocated between MAPS and SEPS on a consistent basis that considers the difference in size, complexity and running costs of the two systems. Category The FAR is utilised to report all asset transactions for the year at the lowest component level whereby the AER template categories are allocated based on pre-determined asset class alignment. Acquisition date (provide a range) Refer to 'Commission date' explanation for Table 3.3.1 Asset useful life. Useful life Refer to 'Useful life' explanation for Table 3.3.1 Asset useful life. Estimated residual value These assets will not have value beyond the expected useful life. The Opening cost base, Prior years' accumulated depreciation These have been calculated by referencing the prior year fixed asset register-linked working file previously aligned to the AER Part 23 reporting template. Current Year Additions, Current Years Disposals or Early Terminations, Current Year Depreciation, Written Down Value The annual FAR report was generated with asset 'Category' detail overlayed and each column calculated separately.	Other non-depreciable pipeline assets are gas line pack. Line pack is not depreciated as the Service Provider believes the residual value of the line pack will exceed the historical cost at the end of the life of the pipeline. Pipeline assets include estimates of the costs of dismantling and removing assets associated with the MAPS and restoring the site on which it is located. Estimates are assessed and reviewed on an annual basis at the reporting period end. Any increase or decrease in the measurement due to revised estimates are adjusted in the cost of the related asset in the current period, except where the decrease exceeds the carrying amount of the related asset. The excess is recognised immediately in the profit or loss.

3.6 Shared supporting assets

Provides the basis for allocating shared assets to the pipeline.

Table ID	Table Name	BoP ID	Item Name	Estimated/Actual	Why Estimated	Source	Assumptions	Methodology	Additional Comments
3.6.1	Shared supporting asset allocation	N/A	Description (list each individual shared asset category greater than 5%), Category of shared assets, Total amount, % allocated to pipeline, Total allocated to pipeline	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

4. Asset value - Recovered Capital Method (RCM)									
The asset valuation statement arising from the application of the Recovered Capital Method.									
Table ID	Table Name	BoP ID	Item Name	Estimated/Actual	Why Estimated	Source	Assumptions	Methodology	Additional Comments
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)					The Service Provider was acquired by its current owner in May 2013. The Service Provider has needed to rely on historic financial information recorded or prepared for purposes other than complying with the Guidelines. Information prior to this period has been obtained by the Service Provider from the current owner, but the Service Provider has not been able to determine if the historic records and information are complete and accurate. The Service Provider has also needed to estimate the return on capital required each year. Notwithstanding this comment, the Service Provider has completed a review of the historic financial information and return on capital to satisfy itself that the estimate has been arrived at on a reasonable basis and represents the best estimate in the circumstances.		The service provider has utilised an alternative asset valuation method to the recovered capital method as defined in Rule 1132(5)(b) of the NGR. This is because, in accordance with Rule 1132(5) of the NGR, applying the recovered capital method would be inconsistent with the asset valuation objective. The service provider has continued to apply the asset valuation methodology applied and previously published under Part 23. A key reason that an asset valuation using the recovered capital method is inconsistent with the asset valuation objective relates to a wide range of possible valuation estimates arising from reasonable changes to assumptions: • the MAPS was owned by the State Government of South Australia between 1970 to 1995 and was not underwritten through a long term foundation agreement (i.e. the pipeline was publicly built and then sold to a private owner); • during the period the MAPS was owned by the State Government inflation was high relative to recent periods; • calculations following the recovered capital method over this historical period involve a range of assumptions regarding the appropriate rate of return that would have applied over the period from 1970 to 1995. The compounding effects mean any resulting calculation is very sensitive to the estimated rate of return. Instead of utilising the original construction cost, the Service Provider has relied on the regulatory determination made on its asset value on 10 December 2003 and applied to the period 2001-2005 by the Australian Competition Tribunal decision on the Moomba to Adelaide pipeline – 10 December 2003. The opening balance is based on: • the Optimised Depreciated Replacement Cost (ODRC) determined for the MAPS in the Australian Competition Tribunal decision on the Moomba to Adelaide pipeline – 10 December 2003; and • the ODRC of the Pelican Point capacity expansion that is specified as having been excluded from the MAPS ODRC in that decision and therefore needs to be added to ensure the ODRC represents all MAPS assets in evidence at that time. The Service Provider has then rolled this valuation forward following the calculation prescribed by 1132(5)(b)(i), 1131(5)(b)(ii) and 1131(5)(b)(iv). The Service Provider considers that this approach results in a more reliable estimate than using the original construction cost and is the best estimate in the circumstances. No changes have been made to periods from 2001 to 2024 as compared to disclosures previously published under Part 23. As stated in Basis of Preparation documents previously published in 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023 and 2024, the application of this methodology alongside a cost based pricing methodology as described in the Standing Price methodology produced a tariff that was reasonably consistent with current contracting and the Weighted Average Price disclosures.	None Noted
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_14.AE14	Pipeline assets: Construction cost (2000)	Estimated	The MAPS was previously regulated with a determination made on its asset value on 10 December 2003 and applied to the period 2001-2005. The Service Provider has relied on this valuation as the opening balance for the calculation in accordance with the Guidelines. The Service Provider considers that this approach results in a more reliable estimate than using the original construction cost. This is primarily because of the range of assumptions about the appropriate rate of return that would have applied over the period from 1970 to 1995. The MAPS was owned by the State Government of South Australia during this period and inflation was high relative to recent periods. The compounding effect means any resulting calculation is very sensitive to the estimated rate of return	Australian Competition Tribunal decision on the Moomba to Adelaide pipeline – 10 December 2003	Opening RAB value 01/07/2000	The opening balance for the Recovered Capital Method calculation is based on the asset value determined when the MAPS was regulated for the period 2001-2005. The opening balance is based on: • the Optimised Depreciated Replacement Cost (ODRC) determined for the MAPS in the Australian Competition Tribunal decision on the Moomba to Adelaide pipeline – 10 December 2003; and • the ODRC of the Pelican Point capacity expansion that is specified as having been excluded from the MAPS ODRC in that decision and therefore needs to be added to ensure the ODRC represents all MAPS assets in evidence at that time	This value represents the final approved RAB value from the Regulator before full Regulation was removed. The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document.
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_016.S16	Pipeline assets: Additions (2001-2013)	Estimated	The Service Provider was acquired by its current owner in May 2013. The Service Provider has needed to rely on historic financial information recorded or prepared for purposes other than complying with the Guidelines. Information prior to this period has been obtained by the Service Provider from the current owner, but the Service Provider has not been able to determine if the historic records and information are complete and accurate	Archived historical financial information, including the restoration of backed up electronic files Information extracted from a legacy accounting system Information published by Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (ACCC) or AER Information requests to the AER Financial statements Annual reports lodged with the Government of South Australia	All additions are incurred mid-year	The amount of capital expenditure since the opening balance and the value of assets disposed of since the commissioning of the pipeline have been estimated using reports extracted from a fixed asset register extracted from a legacy accounting system. The reports have been reviewed by the Service Provider and adjusted to avoid double counting by: • excluding capital expenditure that the Service Provider believes to be associated with the Pelican Point expansion based on asset and location descriptions; and • excluding transfers of assets to the fixed asset register that the Service Provider believes are not capital expenditure and relate to changes in the classification of leased assets based on asset and location descriptions.	Periods from 2000 to 2012 are ended 31 December. In 2013 the Service Provider changed its reporting date to 30 June, accordingly column 5 is for a six-month period The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document.
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_716.AD16	Pipeline assets: Additions (2014-2024)	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics Navision - FAR module	Additions per the FAR were cash related. All additions are incurred mid-year.	Extract from FAR	The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document.
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_AE16	Pipeline assets: Additions (2025)	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics Navision - FAR module	Additions per the FAR were cash related. All additions are incurred mid-year.	Extract from FAR	None Noted
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_118.AD18	Pipeline assets: Disposals at cost (2014 - 2024)	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamic Navision - FAR module	All disposals occur mid-year.	Extract from FAR	The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document.
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_AE18	Pipeline assets: Disposals (2025)	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics Navision - FAR module	All disposals are mid-year	Extract from FAR	None Noted
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_021.S26	Shared assets	Estimate	The Service Provider was acquired by its current owner in May 2013. The Service Provider has needed to rely on historic financial information recorded or prepared for purposes other than complying with the Guidelines. Information prior to this period has been obtained by the Service Provider from the current owner, but the Service Provider has not been able to determine if the historic records and information are complete and accurate	N/A	The Service Provider believes it is possible that shared assets would have existed during the period such as a Head Office and shared IT assets but has not been able to identify historical information or to estimate additions and disposals for the purpose of completing this reporting. Consequently, no assets have been classified as 'shared' before 2013.	N/A	The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document.
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_217.AD27	Shared assets: Leased Asset	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics Navision	N/A	Extract from NAV. Based on lease accounting in line with AASB16. Movements to the lease asset as a result of the expiry of time or adjustments to the remaining lease term are included in the current year lease asset amount	The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document.
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_AE27	Shared assets: Leased Asset	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics Navision	N/A	Extract from NAV. Based on lease accounting in line with AASB16. Movements to the lease asset as a result of the expiry of time or adjustments to the remaining lease term are included in the current year lease asset amount	None Noted
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_031.K31	Return of capital: Revenue (2001-2005)	Estimated	The MAPS was previously regulated with a determination made on its asset value on 10 December 2003 and applied to the period 2001-2005.	Archived historical financial information, including the restoration of backed up electronic files Information extracted from a legacy accounting system Information published by Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (ACCC) or AER Information requests to the AER Financial statements Annual reports lodged with the Government of South Australia	N/A	Revenues have been estimated using the ACCC determination for the period 2001 to 2005. The determination included forecast CPI, which has been updated for actual CPI over the period	The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document.
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_131.S31	Return of capital: Revenue (2006-2013)	Estimated	The Service Provider was acquired by its current owner in May 2013. The Service Provider has needed to rely on historic financial information recorded or prepared for purposes other than complying with the Guidelines. Information prior to this period has been obtained by the Service Provider from the current owner, but the Service Provider has not been able to determine if the historic records and information are complete and accurate	Archived historical financial information, including the restoration of backed up electronic files Information extracted from a legacy accounting system Information published by Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (ACCC) or AER Information requests to the AER Financial statements Annual reports lodged with the Government of South Australia	N/A	Revenue and operating expenses have been estimated using historic management reports prepared by previous owners of the Service Provider that include actual, forecast and budget data. Revenue for the MAPS and SEPS pipelines owned by the Service Provider is separately identifiable in these management reports. Revenue has been estimated based on these reports with an adjustment to remove actual revenues associated with the SEPS during the relevant period.	The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document.
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_731.AB31	Return of capital: Revenue (2014-2017)	Actual	N/A	PyPiT and MS Dynamics Navision	N/A	Extract from NAV and PyPiT	Periods from 2000 to 2012 are ended 31 December. In 2013 the Service Provider changed its reporting date to 30 June, accordingly column 5 is for a six-month period
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_A31.AD31	Return of capital: Revenue (2018-2024)	Actual	N/A	PyPiT and MS Dynamics Navision	N/A	Extract from NAV and PyPiT	The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document.

4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_AE31	Return of capital: Revenue (2025)	Actual	N/A	Pygit and MS Dynamics Navision	N/A	Extract from NAV and Pygit	None Noted
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_G32-K32	Return of capital: Operating expenses (2009-2005)	Estimated	The MAPS was previously regulated with a determination made on its asset value on 10 December 2003 and applied to the period 2003-2005.	- Archived historical financial information, including the restoration of backed up electronic files - Information extracted from a legacy accounting system - Information published by Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (ACCC) or AER - Information requests to the AER - Financial statements - Annual reports lodged with the Government of South Australia	N/A	Operating expenses have been estimated using the ACCC determination for the period 2001 to 2005. The determination included forecast CPI, which has been updated for actual CPI over the period	Operating expenses do not include depreciation as this is considered in the return of capital calculation instead. The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document.
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_L32-S32	Return of capital: Operating expenses (2009-2013)	Estimated	The Service Provider was acquired by its current owner in May 2013. The Service Provider has needed to rely on historic financial information recorded or prepared for purposes other than complying with the Guidelines. Information prior to this period has been obtained by the Service Provider from the current owner, but the Service Provider has not been able to determine if the historic records and information are complete and accurate	- Archived historical financial information, including the restoration of backed up electronic files - Information extracted from a legacy accounting system - Information published by Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (ACCC) or AER - Information requests to the AER - Financial statements - Annual reports lodged with the Government of South Australia	N/A	Costs identifiable in these management reports are the aggregate costs for a group of pipelines. The costs for the MAPS have been estimated by pro-rating based on the percentage of costs budgeted for EISA, comprising both the MAPS and SEPs, relative to total budgeted costs, and then adjusting to remove estimated costs associated with the SEPs	Costs excludes transaction related costs and taxes incurred by the current owner of the Service Provider in 2013 Operating expenses do not include depreciation as this is considered in the return of capital calculation instead. The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document.
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_T32-AB32	Return of capital: Operating expenses (2014 - 2017)	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics Navision and Maximo	N/A	Extract from Maximo and NAV	Refer to CAM. Operating expenses do not include depreciation as this is considered in the return of capital calculation instead. The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_AC32-AD32	Return of capital: Operating expenses (2018 - 2024)	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics Navision and Maximo	N/A	Extract from Maximo and NAV	Refer to CAM. Operating expenses do not include depreciation as this is considered in the return of capital calculation instead. The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_AE32	Return of capital: Operating expenses (2025)	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics Navision and Maximo	N/A	Extract from Maximo and NAV	Refer to CAM. Operating expenses do not include depreciation as this is considered in the return of capital calculation instead.
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_G33-K33	Return of capital: Net tax liabilities (2001 -2005)	Estimated	The MAPS was previously regulated with a determination made on its asset value on 10 December 2003 and applied to the period 2003-2005.	- Archived historical financial information, including the restoration of backed up electronic files - Information extracted from a legacy accounting system - Information published by Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (ACCC) or AER - Information requests to the AER - Financial statements - Annual reports lodged with the Government of South Australia	N/A	Net tax liabilities have been estimated using the values specified in the ACCC determination for the period 2001 to 2005	The net tax payable is estimated to be zero as there were carry forward tax losses during this period.
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_L33-AD33	Return of capital: Net tax liabilities (2006 - 2024)	Estimate	The Service Provider was acquired by its current owner in May 2013. The Service Provider has needed to rely on historic financial information recorded or prepared for purposes other than complying with the Guidelines. Information prior to this period has been obtained by the Service Provider from the current owner, but the Service Provider has not been able to determine if the historic records and information are complete and accurate	- Archived historical financial information, including the restoration of backed up electronic files - Information extracted from a legacy accounting system - Information published by Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (ACCC) or AER - Information requests to the AER - Financial statements - Annual reports lodged with the Government of South Australia	N/A	Net tax liabilities have been estimated by taking the tax position exiting the ACCC determination period and modelling the net tax liability for each period as follows: - Revenue (BOP ID 4.1_L31-S31 and 4.1_T31-AD31) - Less operating expenses (BOP ID 4.1_L32-S32 and 4.1_T32-AD32) - Less tax depreciation, based on the tax depreciation schedules from the ACCC determination and updated for annual capital expenditure by asset class (BOP ID 4.1_G36-S36 and 4.1_T36-AD36) - Less an interest deduction based on the debt component of cost of capital (BOP ID 4.1_Z34-AD34) - Less tax losses carried forwards from the ACCC determination (2006) or previous modelled period (2007 to 2018) Gross tax payable is then further reduced by gamma at 0.4 reflecting the regulatory approach to include the value of imputation credits in the tax liability for the Service Provider. Tax losses carried forward from the ACCC determination have been retained to maintain a consistent approach with using the determination to set the opening asset value for the Recovered Capital Method calculation. The impact of retaining tax losses from the ACCC determination is to delay the period in which tax is calculated as paid by the Service Provider to later years, and consequently reduce the valuation calculated following the Recovered Capital Method.	The net tax payable is estimated to be zero as there were carry forward tax losses during this period.
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_AE33	Return of capital: Net tax liabilities (2025)	Actual	N/A	Revenue (BOP ID 4.1_AE31) - Operating expenses (BOP ID 4.1_E32) - Less depreciation updated for annual capital expenditure by asset class (BOP ID 4.1_AE16) - Interest deduction based on the debt component of cost of capital (BOP ID 4.1_AE34)	N/A	Net tax liabilities have been modelling the net tax liability for 2025 as follows: - Revenue (BOP ID 4.1_AE31) - Less operating expenses (BOP ID 4.1_E32) - Less tax depreciation updated for annual capital expenditure by asset class (BOP ID 4.1_AE16) - Less an interest deduction based on the debt component of cost of capital (BOP ID 4.1_AE34) Gross tax payable is then further reduced by gamma at 0.4 reflecting the regulatory approach to include the value of imputation credits in the tax liability for the Service Provider.	None Noted
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_Z34-AD34	Return of capital: Lease Asset interest / Finance Charge	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics Navision	N/A	This represents the current year finance cost.	The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_AE34	Return of capital: Lease Asset interest / Finance Charge	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics Navision	N/A	This represents the current year finance cost.	None Noted
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_G35-AD35	Return of capital: return on capital (2003-2024)	Estimate	N/A	Formula	N/A	Rate of return (WACC) Return on capital in row 35 of the template / (Opening asset value in row 38 of the template plus half of the additions for the year from row 16) Where the opening or closing asset value (excluding negative residual value) is zero, we report N/A as the WACC calculation is no longer relevant and does not provide useful information to users.	The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_AE35	Return of capital: return on capital (2025)	Estimate	N/A	Formula	N/A	Rate of return (WACC) Return on capital in row 35 of the template / (Opening asset value in row 38 of the template plus half of the additions for the year from row 16) Where the opening or closing asset value (excluding negative residual value) is zero, we report N/A as the WACC calculation is no longer relevant and does not provide useful information to users.	None Noted
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_G39-K39	Return of capital: Rate of Return WACC (2001-2005)	Actual	The MAPS was previously regulated with a determination made on its asset value on 10 December 2003 and applied to the period 2003-2005.	Australian Competition Tribunal decision on the Moomba to Adelaide pipeline – 10 December 2003	N/A	Cost of capital has been estimated using the ACCC determination for the period 2001 to 2005	The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document.
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_Z39-W39	Return of capital: Rate of Return WACC (2006-2017)	Estimate	Dependent on rate of return estimates.	Risk-free rate: Bloomberg 10-year Commonwealth Government Security Cost of debt: 10 year BBB bonds provided by Bloomberg and the RBA fair value curve estimates Equity beta, Market Risk Premium, gearing, gamma and tax rates: Moomba Australian Competition Tribunal decision on the Moomba to Adelaide pipeline – 10 December 2003	N/A	The cost of capital has been calculated based on the WACC included in the ACCC determination, with the risk free rate and cost of debt updated each reporting period. The Bloomberg 10-year Commonwealth Government Security was used as the source for the risk free rate. The cost of debt was calculated with reference to average end of month values during the relevant periods for 10 year BBB bonds provided by Bloomberg and the RBA fair value curve estimates.	Periods from 2000 to 2012 are ended 31 December. In 2013 the Service Provider changed its reporting date to 30 June, accordingly column 5 is for a six-month period. The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document.

	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_X39-A239	Return of capital: Rate of Return (WACC (2018-2024))	Estimate	Dependent on rate of return estimates.	Risk-free rate: Bloomberg 10-year Commonwealth Government Security Cost of debt: 10-year BBB bonds provided by Bloomberg and the RBA fair value curve estimates (until Sept 2023) Gamma and tax rate Maintain Australian Competition Tribunal decision on the Moomba to Adelaide pipeline – 10 December 2003.	N/A	The cost of capital has been calculated as a benchmark weighted average of the cost of equity and cost of debt. This return is applied to the value of the asset base in each of the relevant years to give the cost of capital building block. Cost of Equity The cost of equity has been calculated using the SLCAPM method applied by the AER as the foundation model for estimated return of equity. Equity Beta An equity beta of 1.0 has been applied, consistent with the MAPS being an unregulated pipeline subject to competition. Risk-free rate The risk free rate is calculated based on the 20 day average of the Bloomberg 10 year Commonwealth Government Security for the period directly before the regulatory period. This series was available continuously over the period of the calculation. Cost of Debt The cost of debt has been calculated using the method applied by the AER, which is to calculate the simple average of the Bloomberg and Reserve Bank of Australia fair value yields for the broad BBB credit rating band at a term to maturity of ten years using the daily rate for the year before the regulatory period. This cost has been averaged over a ten year period as a trailing average. Since September 2023 RBA no longer provides the relevant fair value yields therefore only the Bloomberg rates are utilised after September 2023. Gamma and tax rate Maintain Australian Competition Tribunal decision on the Moomba to Adelaide pipeline – 10 December 2003.	The Methodology applied is consistent with the methodology applied in disclosures previously published under Part 23 and as described in each basis of preparation document.
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1_AE39	Return of capital: Rate of Return (WACC (2025))	Estimate	Dependent on rate of return estimates.	Risk-free rate: Bloomberg 10-year Commonwealth Government Security Equity Beta: Australian and internationally listed comparable companies Capital IQ database Market risk premium, gearing and gamma: AER's Rate of Return Annual Update 2024 (December 2024) Cost of debt: Treasury reports and MS Dynamics Navision	N/A	The cost of capital has been calculated to ensure alignment with the requirements of the AER's Pipeline Information Disclosure Guidelines, with consideration of AER's Rate of Return Annual Update 2024 (December 2024) as follows: Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC) Epic Energy estimates the rate of return as the nominal vanilla WACC. This approach estimates the rate of return as the weighted average of opportunity costs assessed across two sources of capital funding: debt and equity Cost of equity The cost of equity is estimated utilising the Sharpe-Lintner capital asset pricing module as required by AER. Risk-free rate The risk-free rate was based on the Bloomberg 10-year Commonwealth Government Security was used as the source for the risk-free rate based on a 20-day average of the period preceding the regulatory reporting period. This series was available continuously over the period of the calculation. Equity Beta The equity Beta is based on recent analysis of Australian and internationally listed comparable companies over the past 2-5 years, re-levered to align with AER's debt instrument gearing requirements. Inputs based on AER's Rate of Return Annual Update 2024 (December 2024): Market risk premium of 6.2%, Gearing – The gearing ratio of 60%, Gamma (imputation credits) of 0.57 Cost of debt The cost of debt was calculated based on actual portfolio cost of debt for the year. This is based on accounting recognition of interest including amortisation of upfront debt fees. Rate of return (WACC) = Return on capital in row 35 of the template / (Opening asset value in row 38 of the template plus half of the additions for the year from row 16) Where the opening or closing asset value (including negative residual value) is zero, we report N/A	Using a WACC as an estimate for rate of return is an accepted methodology adopted by the Australian Energy Regulatory (AER) and therefore represents the best estimate possible for this reporting. The data inputs into the WACC have been sourced from published AER accepted sources aligning to Part 10 consistent with the AER's Pipeline Information Disclosure Guidelines for 2025.
4.1	Pipeline assets (RCM)	4.1F39-AE39	For information: Rate of return (WACC) (2001-2025)	Estimate	Impact of Rate of return components.	Items 'Return of capital: Return on capital' in this table above.	N/A	N/A	N/A

4.1 Pipeline capital expenditure									
Capital expenditure greater than 5% of construction cost, historical expansions/extensions and any planned expansions/extensions that have advanced to "Final Investment Decision" stage.									
Table ID	Table Name	BoP ID	Item Name	Estimated /Actual	Why Estimated	Source	Assumptions	Methodology	Additional Comments
4.1.1	Capital expenditure greater than 5% of construction cost	4.1.1CEGTOCC_D15:E41	Description of works, Date recognised, Expenditure (\$ nominal)	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics Nav/FAR	N/A	The service provider analysed the underpinning data for the RCM template and with a view to identifying any projects where capex was greater than 5% of the construction cost across the years. Actual The relevant project reporting detail including the commissioning date has been referenced in providing this detail by looking at total project costs greater than 5% of disclosed construction cost.	N/A
4.1.2	Historical expansions and extensions	4.1.2HEAE_C47:E73	Description of works, Date recognised, Expenditure (\$ nominal)	Actual	N/A	MS Dynamics Nav/FAR 2024 Annual Report MAPS PL1	N/A	Reviewed all MAPs pipeline construction to establish two expansion projects completed post acquisition. The FAR was then referenced by location to determine the associated project related acquisition expenditure incurred.\	None Noted
4.1.3	Planned expansions and extensions of capacity	4.1.3.PEAEOC	Description of the matter Proposed commissioning date, or a range of dates Expected end date, or a range of dates Facility's proposed nameplate rating, or the estimated likely range during affected period Proposed expenditure (if available, required for publicly announced expansions)	Actual	N/A		N/A	Planned expansions and includes only those projects for which a Financial Investment Decision (FID) has been taken by the end of the current reporting period. The pipeline had no planned expansions and/or extensions as at the end of the current reporting period which had passed Financial Investment Decision (FID).	None Noted

5. Historical demand

Information on the amount of capacity that was contracted in each financial year and the amount of capacity that was actually used in each financial year.

Table ID	Table Name	BoP ID	Item Name	Estimated/Actual	Why Estimated	Source	Assumptions	Methodology	Additional Comments
5.1	Historical Demand Information	HDI_B15:D15	Historical demand information	Actual	N/A	PypIT	N/A	MDQs provided are per executed GTAs. This data is collated in the "Contract Capacity Summary" workbook. MDQs are entered into CRS/PypIT, uncontracted pipeline capacity is shared with AEMO/GBB monthly per the NGR.	N/A
5.2	Demand by pipeline service	N/A	Contracted MDQ: TJ/day	Actual	N/A	PypIT, Contract Capacity Summary report	N/A	MDQs provided are per executed GTAs. This data is collated in the "Contract Capacity Summary" workbook. MDQs are entered into CRS/PypIT, uncontracted pipeline capacity is shared with AEMO/GBB monthly per the NGR. MDQs can change day to day per the GTAs. The values provided are the average across the financial year. Park and loan services is the sum of Firm Park / Expanded Imbalance, Firm Loan / Expanded Imbalance, Imbalance Tolerance / Non-Firm Storage +, and Imbalance Tolerance / Non-Firm Storage. "Other" services considers the total contracted MDQ capacity as the relevant allocator for the Pricing Template calculation. This service cannot be allocated to a specific MDQ, but is best spread across the total contracted position.	N/A
5.3	Daily demand	N/A	Contracted firm capacity-transportation Contracted firm capacity-storage Utilised capacity Pipeline nameplate capacity	Actual	N/A	PypIT	N/A	Contracted firm capacity – transportation Per active GTA on this date, also refer to "Contract Capacity Summary" workbook. Contracted firm capacity – storage Per active GTA on this date. With reference to the "Contract Capacity Summary" workbook, it is the Firm Park / Expanded Imbalance. Utilised capacity Daily demand information has been extracted from GBB. This data is sent from CRS/PypIT. Separate daily Contracted MDQ reports by service category (e.g. Firm forward) were downloaded from PypIT for each day in the reporting period. The reports utilised a PypIT field attached to each service which flags whether a service constitutes 'contracted capacity' (as defined in Part 25 of the National Gas Rules). Pipeline nameplate capacity Pipeline nameplate capacity is determined by engineering studies.	N/A

6. Pricing template									
Provide a process or mechanism by which users and prospective users can transform the financial and historical demand information published by service providers into one or more cost-based pricing benchmarks.									
Table ID	Table Name	BoP ID	Item Name	Estimated/Actual	Why Estimated	Source	Assumptions	Methodology	Additional Comments
6.1	Inputs	N/A	Asset allocation to pipeline service %	Estimate	Assets are not allocated a pipeline service	Table 2.2.1 Direct revenue line items		Asset allocation to pipeline service Allocator: Ratio of the Direct revenue line item and Total Direct Revenue (excluding customer contributions). Refer to BoP for Table 2.2.2 for Direct Expenses Service allocation percentage details. Allocator justification: The allocator is the most appropriate because there is no direct link between the assets and any individual category of service maintaining the allocation on the basis of revenue is most appropriate.	N/A
6.1	AER Input	N/A	AER inputs: Average regulatory return on debt	Actual	N/A	Represents AER Inputs (pre-populated by the AER)	N/A	Represents AER Inputs (pre-populated by the AER). We note this rate is different to the rate prescribed in AER's Rate of Return Annual Update 2024 (December	N/A
6.1	AER Input	N/A	AER inputs: Gearing	Actual	N/A	Represents AER Inputs (pre-populated by the AER)	N/A	Represents AER Inputs (pre-populated by the AER)	N/A
6.1	AER Input	N/A	AER inputs: Statutory tax rate	Actual	N/A	Represents AER Inputs (pre-populated by the AER)	N/A	Represents AER Inputs (pre-populated by the AER)	N/A
6.1	AER Input	N/A	AER inputs: Gamma	Actual	N/A	Represents AER Inputs (pre-populated by the AER)	N/A	Represents AER Inputs (pre-populated by the AER)	N/A
6.1	AER Input	N/A	AER inputs: Average regulatory rate of return	N/A	N/A	Represents AER Inputs (pre-populated by the AER)	N/A	Represents AER Inputs (pre-populated by the AER)	N/A
6.2 - 6.4	Pricing Benchmarks Elements calculated Calculation Process	N/A	Pricing Benchmarks	N/A	N/A	Represents AER Inputs (pre-populated by the AER)	N/A	We note these calculations are derived from other sheets. We note there are some discrepancies in the calculations and information referenced in other sheets to provide the high and low calculations such as: - days do not add up to 365 total days - depreciable assets exclude land and easements, excludes non-deprn and excludes shared assets - AER's benchmark return does not appear to align to its Rate of Return Annual Update 2024 (December 2024)	N/A

Cost Allocation Methodology

Non-scheme Pipelines Part 10 Financial Reporting Disclosures

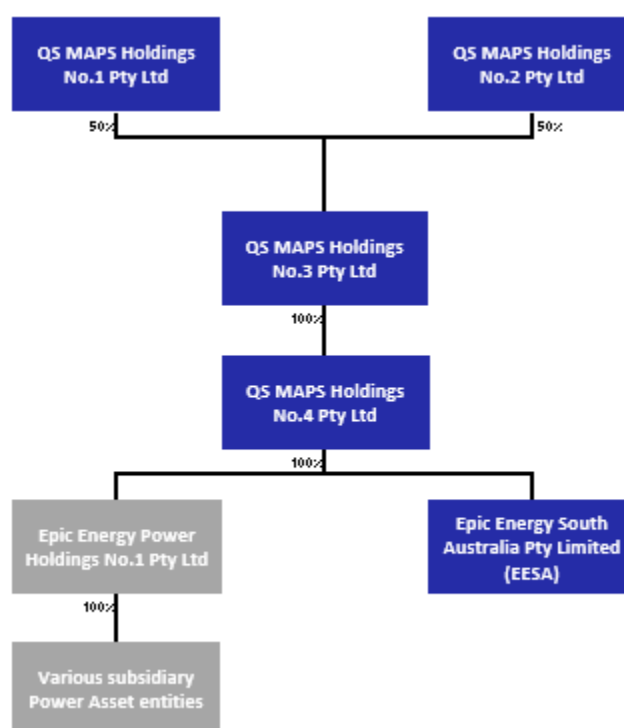
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1 Corporate Profile

Epic Energy South Australia Pty Limited (EESA) owns and operates the Moomba to Adelaide Pipeline System (MAPS), one of Australia's largest pipeline systems, supplying gas from major Eastern Australia basins.

EESA also operates the South-Eastern Pipeline System (SEPS) and provides monitoring, maintenance, and engineering services. The Corporation has a growing portfolio of renewable infrastructure which are contained within separate Power Asset entities as shown in the corporate structure below and excluded from the Part 10 Reporting requirements of the NGR:



The two non-scheme pipelines subject to part 10 Regulations are SEPS and MAPS. Both of these pipelines are contained within the Epic Energy South Australia Pty Limited (EESA) corporate structure:

1.1 MAPS

The MAPS features:

- A 782 km bi-directional mainline pipeline between Moomba to Adelaide;
- 335 km of pipeline laterals, including a 77.8 km pipeline lateral from the mainline to Port Pirie and Whyalla and a 38.7 km lateral from the mainline to Angaston; and
- 9 compressor stations, 6 operational, 3 decommissioned.

A map of the MAPS is provided as part of the Pipeline Information on EESA's website¹ along with a list of receipt and delivery points. The current nameplate capacity and capacity that is available for sale is also included in the Pipeline Information.

EESA owns, controls and operates the MAPS. The MAPS is a non-scheme pipeline.

1.2 SEPS

The SEPS is an 82km pipeline system that was built in 1991 to deliver gas from the Katnook processing plant near Penola in South-Eastern South Australia to Snuggery and Mount Gambier.

EESA owns, controls and operates the SEPS. The SEPS is a non-scheme pipeline.

2 Nature, Scope and Purpose

The purpose of this document is to set out the Cost Allocation Methodology (CAM) adopted by EESA for non-scheme financial reporting. The CAM sets out the principles, methods, and inputs used to allocate costs for MAPS and SEPS in accordance with Part 10 of the National Gas Rules (NGR) and the AER Pipeline Information Disclosure Guideline. The CAM applies to all pipeline services provided, including firm, interruptible, and park services, and covers both direct and shared costs attributable to pipeline operations, maintenance, and capital works.

2.1 Definitions

Term	Definition
EESA	Epic Energy South Australia Pty Limited
MAPS	Moomba to Adelaide Pipeline System
SEPS	South Eastern Pipeline System
CAM	Cost Allocation Methodology
AER	Australian Energy Regulator
FRT	Financial Reporting Template
Opex	Operating expenditure
Capex	Capital expenditure
RCM	Recovered Capital Method
BoP	Basis of Preparation

¹ <https://epicenergy.com.au/moomba-to-adelaide-pipeline-system/>

		Cost Allocation Methodology Version: 1.0
		Dated: 31 November 2025

2.2 Responsibility for the Cost Allocation Methodology

The Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and Financial Controller are responsible for periodic review and approval of the CAM, ensuring it remains current with regulatory, accounting, and organisational changes. Revisions to the CAM must be approved by the CFO and Financial Controller.

2.3 Record Maintenance

All cost allocations and supporting records are maintained in accordance with AER guidelines and statutory requirements. Supporting cost reports and working files are prepared and made available to external auditors. These records are supported by EESA's comprehensive record protection and retention procedures and practices, as well as the relevant data recovery and back up processes.

2.4 Compliance with Cost Allocation Methodology

The Financial Controller prepares financial information for Part 10 reporting in accordance with the CAM. The CFO is responsible for the final review of financial information reported in Part 10 documentation. Compliance is endorsed by management and reviewed by independent auditors.

3 Costing Principles and Policies

Costs are collected and allocated in accordance with EESA's accounting policies and the CAM. Financial data is maintained in EESA's financial management systems, Microsoft Dynamics Navision, (NAV) and reconciled to statutory accounts. All costs are recorded by the legal entity that incurs the cost using a general ledger account associated with the nature of cost.

Asset Maintenance Activities are undertaken through issuing detailed work orders in EESA's Asset Management System (Maximo). Work Orders generated in Maximo for Asset Maintenance Activities include Work Breakdown Structures (WBS) which include either labour, service or materials which are directly attributed to an asset location.

All Purchase Orders are raised and approved in Maximo with invoice approval and goods receipting also occurring in Maximo. The details within Maximo are imported into NAV to allow for costing analysis at a location level through a staging table.

Additional information captured for each purchase order includes the entity, the department the cost relates to and location where applicable. Costs directly attributable to power assets are coded to those relevant dimensions.

The business is also split into departments (such as Day Crew, Integrity Engineering) to capture non-location specific costs such as salary and wages, finance costs and so forth. This department level information is captured at a transaction level.

Rule 103(4)(c) of the National Gas Rules (NGR) requires that service provider must only allocate costs to a pipeline that are directly attributable to the pipeline and if costs are not directly attributable to the pipeline,

but which are incurred in providing services by means of the pipeline, such costs must be allocated to the pipeline using an appropriate allocator.

The CAM is built to comply with Rule 103(4)(c) by allocating costs (operating or capital) as either:

1. Directly attributable costs or
2. Indirectly allocated costs

4 Cost Allocation by Cost Type

4.1 Directly Attributable Costs

These costs can be directly attributed to a pipeline (MAPS or SEPS) based on asset location. Items related to separate entities or excluded services (such as Business Development) are directly excluded from the costs through entity and department dimension attributes.

Cost type	Cost Driver
Labour	Labour associated with a work order is costed to the work order (including asset location) using a standard labour rate. The labour rate is reviewed at least annually as part of the financial year's budget process.
Materials	Materials associated with operations and maintenance and capital works projects are procured through the issuing of work orders in Maximo and assigned a location in line with the work order where applicable.
Services/ Subcontractors	External contractors may be sourced to supplement the existing workforce for specific projects, additional workloads or to cover employee absences. Subcontractor costs are receipted against a purchase order in Maximo and then assigned to the relevant WBS.
Depreciation	Depreciation has been identified from the Fixed Asset Register maintained by the Service Provider as part of its financial information management systems (NAV) and is identified through its location as identified in the fixed asset register.
License and regulatory costs	These costs have been identified from the financial information management systems (NAV) as the direct cost of the Service Provider maintaining the relevant pipeline license and can be traced through to direct invoice lines.

4.2 Indirectly Allocated Costs

Indirectly allocated costs include those costs which cannot be directly attributed to a pipeline as they are 'shared' in nature. As all costs are captured at a transactional level with an assigned department and entity, costs related to other entities (such as Power assets) or excluded activities (such as Business Development) are excluded from the costs through entity and department attributes.

Remaining shared costs are allocated according to the factors that cause those costs. Some of the below costs are allocated based on a pipeline system capacity ratio. This is the ratio of pipeline system capacity

between MAPS and SEPS based on the nameplate capacity for each of these pipelines. This cost allocator is the most appropriate available allocator because it allows for costs to be allocated between MAPS and SEPS on a consistent basis that considers the difference in size, complexity and running costs of the two systems.

Cost type	Allocation
Employee costs	Total employee related costs incurred by EESA include salaries, superannuation, employee benefits, training costs, incentive schemes and costs associated with working in remote areas such as roster flights and food. These costs have been included as shared costs – employee costs and then reduced by the following allocations: • Labour allocated against work orders associated with the relevant pipeline locations. • Employee costs associated with capital projects are removed based on time recorded against capital projects. These costs are included in the cost of pipeline assets. • Employee costs associated with work orders that relate directly to other assets or business activities have been removed. • Employees associated with departments that work on non-pipeline related activities have been removed such as Business Development. The remaining employee costs are allocated based on a pipeline system capacity ratio.
IT and Communication Costs	Information technology and communication costs include all costs associated with software licensing and support, networking and communication costs. It has been allocated based on a pipeline system capacity ratio.
Shared Asset Depreciation – motor vehicles	Shared assets and their associated depreciation have been identified from the Fixed Asset Register for assets which do not have a specific location associated with either the MAPS or SEPS. Motor vehicle depreciation has been allocated based on the time charged to SEPS for maintenance activities relative to the time for MAPS.
Shared Asset Depreciation – ICT and other assets	Other depreciation which relates to buildings and information communication and technology (ICT) assets has been allocated based on a pipeline system capacity ratio.
Other shared costs	Other shared costs include consultants, audit and legal advice, the insurance program and travel and related expenses. EESA has Management Service Agreements in place with other legal entities in the Epic Group to provide defined services. EESA recovers the cost of providing these services from the other legal entities which results in a decrease to other shared costs. All other shared costs have been allocated based on a pipeline system capacity ratio.

5 Cost Allocation by Pipeline Service Category

As per the Part 10 Financial Reporting Template, section 2.2 “Allocation of Services” EESA is required to allocate total expenses by distribution pipeline service category. Costs are allocated to pipeline services (firm, interruptible, park) based on revenue earned for each service as a percentage of total revenue. This is provided in order to comply with the current template requirements and is the most appropriate allocator given the template limitations as MAPS and SEPS are distribution pipelines. This has been noted in the Basis of Preparation.

6 Related Party Costs

EESA does not provide any transactions or direct services to its related parties. Related Parties are defined in line with AASB 124 and would include Power Assets located in separate entities. EESA incurs all administrative costs. It recovers a portion of these through an allocation of a Management fee to other entities and across MAPS and SEPS. This is deemed a shared cost allocation rather than direct transaction with other related parties and described in “other” shared costs above. EESA maintains a number of internal controls to ensure that the costs of related businesses undertaken by other entities are not allocated to service providers, including the monitoring and review of transactions being correctly coded to separate entities.



Independent auditor's report

To the directors of Epic Energy South Australia Pty Ltd

Our opinion

We have audited the historical financial information and the Basis of Preparation (the “Schedules”) within the accompanying Gas Pipeline Operator Part 10 Financial Reporting Template of Epic Energy South Australia Pty Ltd (the Company) - Moomba to Adelaide Pipeline System (the “Network”) as required by the Australian Energy Regulator (“AER”) under Sections 1 through 8 of the Pipeline Information Disclosure Guidelines dated October 2023 (the “Guideline”) for the year from 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 (the “Reporting Period”). The Schedules which comprise:

- 2. Revenue and Expenses
 - 2.1 Profit & Loss by component
 - 2.2 Allocation to services
 - 2.3 Revenue contributions
 - 2.4 Indirect revenue
 - 2.5 Shared expenses
- 3.1 Depreciated Book Value
- 3.2 Regulatory Asset Base
- 3.3 Asset useful life
- 3.4 Asset impairment
- 3.5 Depreciation amortisation
- 3.6 Shared supporting assets; and
- the Basis of Preparation

In our opinion the accompanying schedules present fairly, in all material respects, the Historical Financial Information of the Network from 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 in accordance with Basis of Preparation relevant to preparing such a schedules.

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Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the schedule* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the schedule in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Emphasis of matter - basis of accounting and restriction on distribution and use

We draw attention to Basis of Preparation as prescribed by the Guideline, which describes the basis of preparation. The Schedules has been prepared for the Directors to assist them in complying with Part 10 of the National Gas Rules. As a result, the Schedules may not be suitable for another purpose. Our report is intended solely for the Directors and should not be distributed to or used by parties other than the Directors and Australian Energy Regulators (AER). We accept no responsibility or liability to any party other than the Directors. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Network's other schedules from 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025, but does not include the schedule and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the schedule does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the schedule, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the schedule or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.



If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the schedule

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the schedule in accordance with the Basis of Preparation as prescribed by the Guideline, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the schedule that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the schedule

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the schedules as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the schedules.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the schedule, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates, if any, and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the historical financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the schedule. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Price Waterhouse Coopers

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Bianca DeGennaro
Partner

Adelaide
19 December 2025



Independent auditor's review report to the directors on Historical Financial Information included within Gas Pipeline Operator Part 10 Financial Reporting Template of Epic Energy South Australia Pty Ltd (Moomba to Adelaide Pipeline System Network) for the period 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025

We have reviewed the accompanying historical financial information included within Gas Pipeline Operator Part 10 Financial Reporting Template (the "Schedules") of Epic Energy South Australia Pty Ltd (Moomba to Adelaide Pipeline System Network) (the "Network") as required by the Australian Energy Regulator ("AER") under Sections 1 through 8 of the Pipeline Information Disclosure Guidelines dated October 2023 (the "Notice") for the period 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 (the "Reporting Period") which comprise the following:

- 4. Recovered Capital
- 4.1 Pipelines capex

The criteria (the "Criteria") against which we assessed the Schedules are the accompanying Basis of Preparation.

Management's responsibility for the schedule

Management is responsible for the preparation of the Schedules and has determined that the Basis of Preparation is appropriate to the needs of the directors. Management's responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the Schedules that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

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Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Schedules based on our review. We have conducted our review in accordance with Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2405 *Review of Historical Financial Information Other than a Financial Report* (ASRE 2405) in order to state whether, on the basis of the procedures described, anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Schedules are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Guideline and the Basis of Preparation. No opinion is expressed as to whether the Basis of Preparation is appropriate to the needs of the directors.

ASRE 2405 requires us to comply with relevant ethical requirements, including those pertaining to independence.

A review consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our review, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (including *Independence Standards*).

Conclusion

Based on our review, which is not an audit, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Schedules are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Basis of Preparation as prescribed by the Guideline.



Emphasis of matter - basis of accounting and restriction on distribution and use

We draw attention to Basis of Preparation as prescribed by the Guideline, which describes the basis of preparation. The Schedules has been prepared for the Directors to assist them in complying with Part 10 of the National Gas Rules. As a result, the Schedules may not be suitable for another purpose. Our report is intended solely for the Directors and should not be distributed to or used by parties other than the Directors and Australian Energy Regulators (AER). We accept no responsibility or liability to any party other than the Directors. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Price Waterhouse Coopers

PricewaterhouseCoopers

A blue ink signature, appearing to read 'Bianca DeGennaro', followed by a long horizontal line.

Bianca DeGennaro
Partner

Adelaide
19 December 2025



To: The directors of Epic Energy South Australia Pty Ltd

Independent auditor's review report to the Directors on Historical Non-Financial Information included within Gas Pipeline Operator Part 10 Financial Reporting Template of Epic Energy South Australia Pty Ltd (Moomba to Adelaide Pipeline System Network) for the period 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025

Scope

In accordance with the terms of engagement letter dated 28 October 2025, we were engaged by Epic Energy South Australia Pty Ltd (the "Company") to perform an independent limited assurance engagement in respect of the accompanying historical non-financial information included within Gas Pipeline Operator Part 10 Financial Reporting Template (the "Subject Matter") of Epic Energy South Australia Pty Ltd (Moomba to Adelaide Pipeline System Network) (the "Network") as required by the Australian Energy Regulator ("AER") under Sections 1 through 8 of the Pipeline Information Disclosure Guidelines dated October 2023 (the "Notice") for the period 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 (the "Reporting Period") which comprise the following:

- 5. Historical Demand
- Cost allocation methodology

The criteria (the "Criteria") against which we assessed the Subject Matter is the accompanying Basis of Preparation.

Management's responsibilities

The Management of the Network is responsible for the Subject Matter and for the preparation of the Subject Matter in accordance with the Criteria.

Our Independence and quality management

We have complied with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standard Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)*

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relevant to assurance engagements, which are founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behaviour.

Our firm applies Australian Standard on Quality Management ASQM 1, *Quality Management for Firms that Perform Audits or Reviews of Financial Reports and Other Financial Information, or Other Assurance or Related Services Engagements*, which requires the firm to design, implement and operate a system of quality management including policies or procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Our responsibilities

Our responsibility is to express a limited assurance conclusion based on the procedures we have performed and the evidence we have obtained.

Our engagement has been conducted in accordance with the Australian Standard on Assurance Engagements (ASAE 3000) *Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information*. That standard requires that we plan and perform this engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether anything has come to our attention to indicate that the Subject Matter has not been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Criteria, for the Period. The procedures we performed were based on our professional judgement and included:

- Obtaining an understanding, through inquiry with management, of the preparation process including how source data was gathered for the Subject Matter for the Period;
- Reading the Basis of Preparation and evaluating whether the Subject Matter had been prepared in accordance with the Basis of Preparation;
- Where applicable, reconciling the Subject Matter to information previously submitted by the Network to external bodies, for example to the Australian Energy Regulator ('AER'), and obtaining explanations from management for material variances; and
- Testing the mathematical accuracy of the Subject Matter

The procedures performed in a limited assurance engagement vary in nature and timing from, and are less in extent than for, a reasonable assurance engagement and consequently the level of assurance obtained in a limited assurance engagement is substantially lower than the assurance that would have been obtained had a reasonable assurance engagement been performed. Accordingly, we do not express a reasonable assurance opinion.



We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Use of report

This report was prepared for the Directors of Epic Energy South Australia Pty Ltd to assist them in complying with the Notice, using criteria designed for this purpose. We disclaim any assumption of responsibility for any reliance on this report to any persons or users other than the Directors of Epic Energy South Australia Pty Ltd, or for any purpose other than that for which it was prepared.

Inherent limitations

Because of the inherent limitations of any limited assurance engagement, it is possible that fraud, error or non-compliance may occur and not be detected. A limited assurance engagement is not designed to detect all instances of non-compliance of the Subject Matter with the Criteria, as it is limited primarily to making enquiries, of the Network's management, and applying analytical procedures. The limited assurance conclusion expressed in this report has been formed on the above basis.

Conclusion

Based on the procedures performed and evidence obtained, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Subject Matter has not been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Criteria for the period 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Price Waterhouse Coopers'.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Bianca DeGennaro'.

Bianca DeGennaro
Partner

Adelaide
19 December 2025